Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XVIII. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1886. NO. 42.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER.
OF BELLEFONTE.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM T. DAVIES.
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
A. WILSON NORRIS.
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
THOMAS J. STEWART.
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE,
EDWIN S. OSBORNE.
OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOHN G. LOVE, of Bellefonte,
G. G. MATTERN, of Patton twp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
GEO. M. BOAL, of Potter twp.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
G. H. LICHTENTHALER,
of Philipsburg.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
JESSE CLEAVER, of Unionville.

FOR CONGRESS,
GEN. JOHN PATTON,
of Clearfield County.

COME TO HEAR

JAMES G. BLAINE,

THE "PLUMED KNIGHT,"

who will visit BELLEFONTE on

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27.

[the time of his visit will probably be about 11 o'clock a. m.]

He is the favorite statesman of all Pennsylvanians, both Republican and Democratic, and he can present the political issues in the most direct and forcible style.

☞ Free train over the Buffalo Run railroad.

LET EVERYBODY HEAR HIM.

Probably arrangements will be made for excursion rates over all railroads leading to this place.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

DON'T vote the Democratic ticket this year.

GENERAL BEAVER arouses enthusiasm wherever he goes.

POOR BLACK! how sad and lonely he will feel after the election.

THE President don't find time to do anything except to veto Pension bills.

WHY was Editor Dana, of the N. Y. *Sun*, permitted to pay a bill for embalming the body of Gen. Grant?

THE pork packers out West being on a strike, the melancholy hog smiles brightly at the prospect of a new lease of life.

WITH regretful but yielding mind, England continues at stated intervals to drive down a new stake for the permanent occupation of Egypt.

CHARLESTON could hardly be blamed for inquiring rather impatiently whether the earth in her vicinity is ever going to settle down quietly.

THE report that Wiggins is suffering from brain fever is plainly founded on a misconception of the facts. Brain fever implies the possession of a brain.

ALTHOUGH Candidate Black makes queer speeches we must believe him when he says he is not drunk. We often have heard drunken men say the same thing.

THERE is an alarming rumor to the effect that young Randolph Churchill is coming to America. If he comes somebody will have to hold O'Donovan Rossa until he leaves the country.

THE Sedgwick scandal still eddies and undulates in Mexican society, and Mr. Sedgwick in the midst of his voluble explanations has not found time to call Consul-General Porch to account.

URGE your neighbor to vote the Republican ticket. Tell him your reasons for doing so, and he will be sure to vote the ticket this fall, and he will be a reliable Republican hereafter.

A Soldier's Support of Gen. Beaver.

MR. EDITOR: By your kind permission I would like a small space in the columns of your paper which you issue weekly in your city nestled among the hills and mountains of Central Pennsylvania, for the enlightenment and guidance of its people. Having been born and reared in the eastern part of Centre county, I yet feel a strong and vivid attachment to its citizens, former associations, its grand and rich valleys and beautiful mountain sceneries.

It was also there, that, more than 24 years ago, I enlisted to go forth to do what I could for the life and maintenance of the American Republic. I thought myself fortunate, and still think so, that I was attached to the 148th Reg't, P. V. I., commanded by Colonel (now General) James A. Beaver. Of this regiment General Hancock said while in conversation with my brother, Rev. H. C. Halloway, of Middletown, Pa., about six months before his death: "No better Reg't. in the army than that." No higher tribute than this could be paid any Regiment, coming from so eminent a soldier as General Hancock. The good qualities of this regiment were found in both the officers and men that composed it. The officers were men of education, ability and moral worth, many of them active Christians. The rank and file were men who knew for what they were battling, and were the very bone and sinew of society and of the state, many being professional men, business men, mechanics, &c., and would have made efficient leaders if placed in that position. I have often thought that had the responsibility of running the Government been placed in the hands of the 148th Pa. it would have been equal to the task.

How singularly fresh and plain some of the scenes through which we passed come to our minds, especially those of our first campaign or battle, Chancellorsville, where so many of our brave comrades were slain and wounded. How well I remember the change of countenance and expression of eyes of Colonel Beaver when Dr. George Potter, after probing his wound with his fore-finger and finding that the wound was not fatal, said: "You are all right, Colonel." Then there was new life in that whole body, even the feet giving expressions of joy. This satisfaction, I believe, consisted in the fact that Colonel Beaver then saw and felt that the time was not distant when he could again mount his horse, Joe, and lead his regiment—of which I think he was as proud as any regimental commander in the army—to other fields of battle which might be less disastrous than was Chancellorsville. I am highly gratified that the Republicans of Pennsylvania have put in nomination our gallant commander, for the highest office within the gift of her people; and I believe that every member of the regiment feels, as I do, proud that we had so worthy a commander, one who always looked after our interests as a father looks after the welfare of his family; and to-day, I believe, next to his family, "the boys" of the 148th are next dearest to the memory of General James A. Beaver. I am but sorry that I am not a citizen of Pennsylvania that I might cast a vote to place him in the Governor's chair of the State.

And I hereby call upon and ask every comrade of the 148th Pa., and every comrade in arms and loyal citizen to stand by and vote for General Beaver, believing that he will make as efficient and spotless an executive at the head of the government of Pennsylvania as he was commander of the troops placed under him during the war of the Rebellion.

J. B. HOLLOWAY,
Co. D.

WHATEVER else may be said of Henry George and Abram S. Hewitt, the two candidates for mayor of New York city, it cannot be denied that both of them are men of culture and intelligence. When such men are nominated the country is safe no matter which way the contest terminates. As a representative of labor interests Mr. George is one of the best; as a representative of capital, Mr. Hewitt is unimpeachable. Both gentlemen hold the destructive doctrine of free trade, which will be harmless in the mayor of a city. For this reason we would like to see both of them elected, just to prevent either of them going to congress, where such a doctrine may do harm.

DEMOCRACY is in a bad way in Huntingdon and Clinton counties as well as in Centre. In Huntingdon county Democratic postmasters caution the people not to take Republican papers from the office, and in Clinton county a Democratic candidate for associate judge went to a temperance meeting while drunk and disturbed the exercises.

Vote the Republican Ticket.

Never before have the citizens of this vicinity had a better opportunity to vote for excellent candidates than they will at the approaching election, Nov. 2. From Congressman, which includes a district of six counties, to the most insignificant candidate on the county ticket, all are *sans peur et sans reproche*.

It must afford pleasure to every Republican to know that he can vote for a gentleman so excellent in every respect as General John Patton, of Curwensville, Clearfield county. He is a public-spirited gentleman, and in that respect is peerless among any gentlemen in the district. He is actively engaged in business affairs, and is shrewd while honest in all his transactions. He is a Christian gentleman, and will give his support to every good measure. He has been a Republican since the party had an existence and will affiliate with his Republican brethren on all important questions, his presence in Congress tending to elevate the party which for so long has occupied a high place in the counsels of the country. We cannot wonder that so many Democrats are dissatisfied with the candidate whom their party has given them. The duty before them is clear—vote for the man who will represent the district honestly, ably and honorably. His name is John Patton.

We take it that, so far as the candidate for State Senator is concerned, the Republicans are at liberty to follow their own inclinations. The nomination for that office made by the Democrats seems to be the one redeeming feature of their work done in this vicinity this year. The district will not be badly represented in the State Senate by Mr. Betts, and Republicans can either vote for him or leave the ticket blank.

In the comparison of the candidates for legislature on the two opposing tickets the distiction is equally well marked as it is in the congressional campaign. Mr. Woodward and Mr. Rhone have not done themselves or the people they represent the justice which their constituents have the right to expect. The opposition of Mr. Rhone to the State College experiment station was very hurtful to the county and to the cause of education. His great haste and dishonest action in securing the appointment of Mr. Mingle for prothonotary are also to his discredit. Mr. Woodward's opposition to the temperance hygiene bill was an outrage on good government. They must be relegated to private life to profit by mental reflection on their mistakes, while such pure-minded gentlemen as J. G. Love, Esq., and Mr. G. G. Mattern must succeed them.

American Humor Lost.

Said Col. Sanford, of Marshalltown, Iowa: "I once delivered my lecture on 'Old and New Things' in London, England, and, as I always do, I used that expression, 'patheticker and pathetickerer.' The next morning one of the leading London dailies appeared with a criticism on the lecture, in which it gravely stated that the distinguished gentleman certainly knows that the expression was grossly incorrect. He should have used the words, 'more and more pathetic, in that connection. You remember the articles written by Williams, of the Norristown *Herald*, in which he claimed to be the author of Shakespeare and several other world-renowned works. Would you believe it! The English are so obtuse that they could not see the point, and all the leading papers and magazines of England criticised the articles severely, saying that the falsehood must be patent to every one, as Shakespeare had been dead for so long and the other authors were not only dead before the writer in the Norristown Herald was born, but that their authorship had never been disputed before."

THE Boston woman, Mrs. Sarah E. Howe, who ran a woman's bank which allowed 8 per cent. interest a month on deposits, and was sent to the penitentiary for swindling, is reported to have started at her old tricks again, although she only completed her sentence a year ago. A curious feature of her case is that when it was pointed out by the press that no legitimate banking business could possibly pay such rates of interest, sundry strong-minded women and female suffrage advocates argued that such attacks originated in hostility to the bank because it was a woman's enterprise.

THE report of the Western Union Telegraph indicates that the managers of that corporation have found out that cheap rates stimulate business and bring their own recompense; but it must be borne in mind that it took a stiff lot of competition to bring the lesson home to them.

The Storm in the South.

A telegram from New Orleans, dated Sunday, gives the following description of the storm in Johnson's Bayou, which is on the Louisiana coast of the Gulf of Mexico: Late reports from Johnson's Bayou bring the terrible intelligence that eighty-five persons are known to be lost in that settlement, and it is greatly feared the list will be swollen to 100 or more, thus making the total number of victims by the hurricane fully 200. The destitution of the survivors, of whom there are over 1,000 around Johnson's and Radford village, is described as something awful. They lost everything, and are now without food, drink and clothes.

When the storm descended upon them everybody took to their homes and waited with bated breath the fate which they foresaw. The waters began rising, the wind swept through the lower stories of buildings, driving the affrighted people into attics and upon roofs. By 10 o'clock the first ridge, which was ten feet above the sea level, was ten feet under water. House after house fell in or was swept away, either burying the doomed people in the debris or hurling them into the hissing waters. Cotton warehouses and stores next succumbed, and Radford & Johnson's Bayou were destroyed as completely as if an invading army had done the work.

It was a night of terror, described by survivors as appalling. People clung to each other and prayed for mercy for the souls of those whose despairing shrieks rang on their ears. For twelve hours the storm raged over the devoted settlements. Of the 8,000 head of stock which once the bayou boasted, 5,000 were drowned, while the remainder will die of thirst, as all the water is salt.

The village of Johnson's Bayou is a high ridge on the sea coast, and the bayou from which it takes its name runs through the inhabitable parts of that section of the settlement, in which is also situated the postoffice station known as Radford. They are in Cameron parish, on the Louisiana shore, six miles east of Sabine Pass. The population on last Tuesday morning numbered twelve hundred souls.

A dispatch from Sabine says: There are 127 persons missing and supposed to be dead. Only about twenty-five bodies have thus far been recovered. There is not one sound house in the town.

Charley's Truthful Statements.

CHARLES S. WOLFE, in his speech at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, made this sweeping declaration:

The Democratic party is by tradition and profession the rum party. When you arraign it for that crime it unhesitatingly pleads guilty.

It never was designed that he should talk in that way when sent out to labor for the defeat of Beaver, but dazzled and carried away by the brilliant audience before him, he lost his head and blurted out the truth. That remark cost him the sympathy of the Democratic party and the aid and support of the Democratic organs. No more "puffs" of Wolfe are found in the columns of the Democratic papers.

IF there are any Democrats in the county who do not like ring rule they will vote this year with the Republicans. Their candidates were nominated by the ring. It is a good time to show the ring that the citizens of Centre county are independent, that they cannot be handled and bent to suit every notion and inclination of those who have been accustomed to manipulate the affairs of the county. There is no county in the state that is ruled by the ring to a greater extent than Centre. Now the people have a chance to free themselves of its grasp. Let them not miss it. It is the heritage of every American citizen to take equal part with any other citizen in expressing and bringing about his own individual will. This can best be done at the polls. Citizens of Centre county, this is your opportunity.

ROBERT P. PORTER, in his letters from Richmond to the Philadelphia *Press*, shows an unaccountable disposition to adversely criticise Master Workman Powderly. Go, slow, Robert; Powderly is a first-class man and he deserves commendation.

DON'T believe any sensational stories that may appear in the Democratic papers just before the election. Democratic papers, just at that time, are much given to telling things that are not true.

Boodle Hall's Great Concern.

One would think, to notice the conduct of Hon. J. K. P. Hall, the Elk county dude, whom the Democrats have nominated for Congress, that there is no other county in the district except Centre. He spends most of his time here, and brings a new supply of boodle on each visit.

It is evident that Mr. Hall is deeply concerned about Centre county. The news of his nomination came to the Democrats of this county like a thunderbolt from a clear sky. Reed, Dill, Wallace, Baker, Peale, Mackey, or perhaps any one of a half dozen other probable candidates would have been acceptable, but Hall was out of the question. It was known that he was so easily bought and was so willing to buy others, that his abilities were only those of a trickster and not of a statesman, and no one thought that Democracy was quite so willing to commit suicide as his nomination implied. But the deed was done, and now it would be difficult to find a friend of Mr. Hall's in the county. Even the two Democratic papers give him only a half-hearted support.

Since his nomination Mr. Hall has spent his time here. His presence here is an insult to Democracy. It implies that the voters may be bought. He does not endeavor to use argument in bringing the members of the party back into the traces, but holds before them $5 or $10, according to their moral rectitude, and seeks by this means to pledge a vote to him. Whether his efforts will be successful events alone can determine. But we believe that his very presence will increase Mr. Patton's vote.

Labor in the South.

The following extracts from James G. Blaine's speech in Philadelphia will be interesting reading to the people of this vicinity:

In three of the Southern states the majority of the population is on the par of the colored vote and in many districts of the rest the colored man largely outvotes them, if allowed to vote. I was rash enough a few weeks ago in a public speech in Maine to point out that the Northern workingman was already—and would be still more day after day and year after year—thrown into competition and flooded with a million and a half of Southern workers with dark skin, and that with the rate of wages paid to that million and a half of colored men in the South the competition against white labor was going to be ruinous.

I repeat here that while you pay $1.75 to men who are making pig iron in Pennsylvania and Ohio, they are making pig iron in Alabama and paying seventy-five cents a day; and these two products must meet in the same market. The Democratic party is answerable for it. They wish, on the one side, to break down the tariff and throw the Northern laboring man into competition with foreign ill-paid labor, and at the same time, by maintaining the dominance of the Southern Democracy, to bring up the 1,500,000 and soon to be 2,000,000 workers upon not more than half the wages that Northern men get, in many cases not one-third of it.

Our Legislative Ticket.

Some parties who are opposed to the election of Mattern and Love are very busy in trying to create the impression that the Republican candidates are not working in harmony for their success, and are trying to prejudice the friends of each candidate against the other.

We assure all republicans that Love and Mattern are working in accord, and all republicans who desire to see them elected should vote for both. Don't let any persons influence you to scratch either of our candidates as those who are seeking to get Republicans to scratch any portion of our ticket are desirous of accomplishing its defeat. With a full Republican vote for the whole ticket we have a fair promise of election. Republicans then should not allow the false stories of Democrats to influence their action or their votes as to our ticket.

MINISTER COX just before leaving Constantinople presented the Sultan with a large and powerful accordion. This fact sheds new light upon Mr. Cox's ardent desire to remain in his native land.

STATE SECRETARY TAGGART'S eldest son, William, conducted the youth's meeting in Altoona on Sunday in a manner which did credit to both his father and himself, says the *Times*.

GENERAL NOTES.

A two-headed calf less and eyeless pig is a much talked of wonder of McHairy, Tenn.

White sparrows at Macon are very numerous—reported as 1 in 12 or 15 of the common variety.

It is estimated that the prune crop in Santa Clara county, Cal., this season is worth $4,200,000.

The girls will be pleased with a uniform marriage law if the uniform is pretty and there is a man in it.

The editor of the Waynesburg *Republican* returns thanks for a head of cabbage three feet in circumference.

The Crown Prince of Germany sells 1,000 quarts of milk every day from his farm at Panetz, near Berlin.

The streets and squares of Berlin contain upward of 45,000 trees, and the number is constantly increasing.

Ramon Vejar, of Pomona, Cal., killed a four-legged quail, which is now in the hands of a local taxidermist.

A health journal declares that marble-top tables are unhealthy. Maybe that is what makes them so white.

The Portland *Oregonian* states that a Seattle, Washington Territory, firm is now shipping shingles to Pittsburg, Pa.

An Order of Merit for the special art of music is said to be in contemplation by the French Minister of Fine Arts.

Work has been begun on the permanent monument over the tomb of Victor Emmanuel, in the Pantheon at Rome.

Stuart Robson's grandmother recently celebrated her centennial birthday anniversary at her home at Cohasset, Mass.

A Colorado jury found that the death of a gambler, who had been killed in a shooting affray, resulted from "lead poisoning."

A Cambria county man is credited with having killed a black snake the other day which measured 11 feet in length.

There arrived at Harmer City, Ill., the other day, a 5-year-old lad, who had traveled, unattended, all the way from Switzerland.

All parts of rural New Jersey appear to be suffering from the drought, and in some places water is obtainable only by purchase.

A circular is out on Murray Hill, New York, asking ladies to join the Bible class of a lady "who has saved several fashionable souls."

Mrs. Ruth Osborn, aged 97 years and 8 months, died at Bagdad, Erie county, on Monday. She had lived on the same farm for 50 years.

Calvin Brubaker and Amos Gravenstock caught 1,500 eels at one haul in the Susquehanna river, below Harrisburg, one night recently.

Many banana plants that were frozen to the roots last winter in Florida, have attained a height of 8 or 10 feet, and are now putting out fruit stems.

A deposit of blood agate, containing stones large enough to be sawed into slabs for mantels, has been found in Utah, near the Grand river.

Mrs. Adelbert Baker, formerly an actress, dropped dead at a ball in Portland, Me., on Monday night, at the end of a set in which she had been dancing.

A Harrisburg young lady, while on a visit to the country, caught a flying squirrel. Having no cage, she made one of her bustle, in order to carry it home.

Linderhof and Herren Chiem-See, the castles of the late King of Bavaria, have been opened to visitors, and the gate-money amounts to $2,000 each week.

A Rochester paper speaks of a double-apartment nest found in that vicinity lately, with two broods of American sparrows, separated by a horse hair partition.

William Kearne, the father of 28 children, reached his 92d year on Sunday last, and was presented with a big cake by his children at his home, near Bethel, Fauquier county, Va.

One of the curious features of the fruit culture along the Hudson this fall is that ripe strawberries were gathered at 13 different points between Marlborough and Catskill on October 5 and 6.

The Poor commissioners of Tazewell, Va., offer the poor house of the county with the farm attached, for sale. It has no inmates, and has had none for a long time, and there is no use for it.

The favorite old Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs big hotel, is still tenanted by several hundred visitors, who linger lovingly during this, really the most delightful part of the season.

"The costume was designed and furnished by Mrs. Grover Cleveland's modiste and was rarely beautiful and becoming," is the triumphant announcement in connection with a marriage in the upper circles of Venango county.

The Princess Lucy and General Joseph Rhenbeck, two midgets, have just been married at a New York museum. The Princess is a blonde, aged 19 years, 27 inches tall and weighing 23 pounds. The fat girl, weighing 465 pounds, was bridesmaid.

There has been discovered on lands near Williamsport large deposits of yellow ochre—a four-foot vein, covering a great deal of ground. There has also been found a white material from which it is believed paint can be made. In addition to the above there is much coal on these lands.

Two young men, brothers, who created a great stir in Providence and Newport by acting as "spotters" in securing information against violators of the prohibition law since it went into force in Rhode Island last July, were not on hand on Wednesday when several cases came off at Newport, and it is reported they sailed for Europe the day before with a large amount of money raised for them by the liquor dealers.

Poetry.

THE VOICE OF THE FLOWERS.

If you lie with your ear to the soft green earth,
When the rain and the sunshine fall,
You can hear the flowers in their gay glad mirth,
To each other whisper and call.

For hushed, like an infant in sleep, they lie
In their moist cool cells below,
Aweary of hearing the wind's bleak sigh,
And the failing of the snow.

But when spring comes down to the earth, and her feet
Send a thrill through woodland and plain,
And the clouds weep tears that are soft and sweet,
But which we miscall the rain.

Then they waken up with a light in their look,
And in low sweet whispers to cry—
"Sisters, a murmur is heard in the brook,
And sunshine is seen in the sky.

"It is time we should burst through the young green earth,
As the stars through heaven by night,
That the young and the old may rejoice in our birth,
And we in the calm, sweet light."

Then one said, "Sisters, where shall we grow?
I shall grow by the side of the stream,
And all day long I will blossom and blow,
Till the dews fold me up in a dream."

"And I," said another, "will bloom by the way
Where the children go in a band:
They will stop for a moment their gladsome play,
And touch my lips with their hand."

"I will peep from the long rich grass," said one,
"When the meadows bow to the wind,
And will catch like dewdrops the fairy tone
Of the music it leaves behind."

"And I," said one, "in some garden rare,
Where my fairer sisters abide;
And it may be that I may be twined in the hair
Of the maid as she blooms into bride."

Then a sweet voice held the rest in thrall—
"Oh, sisters, what things ye have said!
I shall grow in the sweetest spot of all—
On the graves of the calm, pure dead.

"They will know that I blossom above their dust
And will yearn, in their silent abode,
For the grand resurrection to crown their trust
In the love and promise of God."

Thus the flowers whisper, and if you lie
When the rain and the sunshine fall,
You will hear them whisper and make reply,
If your heart is at once with all.

AN ENGAGEMENT BROKEN.

The maiden took her chewing gum
And placed it on a chair,
For she heard her lover come
With swift feet up the stair.

Upon the chewing gum he sat—
The joyous hours flew past,
But when he rose to take his hat,
He found himself stuck fast.

"Oh! worse disaster never was,"
She cried as out she ran;
"I ne'er can marry you because
You are a fast young man."

Our Story Teller.

UNLUCKY NED.

[Continudd.]

It is pretty clear, I think, that there is no opening for talents of your kind in the crowded fields of British commerce; but the golden veins of New South Wales lie free before you; you may be more lucky with the pick-axe than with the quill. I now give you the means of making a struggle for honest independence; let me see what there is in you. Leave your poor wife here in peace with me, and, when you have a clear five thousand to invest as a provision for her, then come home and claim her from me. But remember this—if you linger on here, even a month more, not a penny will you ever get from me, not a day longer will I shelter your wife and child; so make your choice at once.'

"What choice had I? I took the money, then knelt by my wife's bedside one Christmas Day ten years ago, and kissed her and my little week-old daughter for the last time; but Alice did not know of my departure until I had landed at Melbourne. I set to work at once; and fate, which had used me so cruelly, seemed to favor me from the very first day I landed on your friendly soil, Irving.

"I prospered steadily, surely; I labored night and day with an intentness, a singleness of purpose that ensured success. I denied myself the smallest relaxation, the lightest pleasure, for was I not working for the ransom of all I loved on earth? I fell in luckily with a young fellow having the same purpose as myself, the younger son of an English nobleman, who wanted to make enough money to marry the girl he loved in England. We started farming together, and increased our stock monthly. Towards the end of three years I had about two thousand five hundred pounds. I corresponded regularly with my wife; but I begged of her not to let her father know of my good luck, as some instinct told me, notwithstanding his encouraging parting words, that he had given me that hundred pounds only to send me to the dogs among the scum of Western civilization whither I was going. I wanted to surprise and disappoint him personally.

"The day of my triumph was nearer than I anticipated. At the close of the third year of my exile two Sydney capitalists, coming down country from the gold-diggings, were struck by the appearance of a chain of rock running east of our run, and offered us forty thousand for the freehold of the property. Burk hesitated, and talked of working it himself; but, when he ascertained that it was copper, not gold, they hoped to find in the granite, he gave in, we closed with the offer. A month later found me at Melbourne with something like twenty-three thousand pounds in gold, paper, and uncut diamonds packed into an iron safe, which I—consummate idiot!—purposed carrying across the ocean with me, heedless of expostulation or advice. I wanted to lay my royal store before the gloating gold-worshipping eyes of my hated father-in-law. I took every precaution, as I thought; but the very night before I was to sail I was stabbed in bed and every farthing I possessed carried off by a gang of ruffians who had been tracking me for more than a fortnight.

"I lay at death's door for nearly a month, and, when I recovered I knew that all search, all pursuit was in vain—that the money for which I had toiled with the sweat of my brow, the price of peace, of hope, of love, was gone from me for ever. Fate seemed too cruel; I, could no longer believe in Providence. One day I crawled to the end of a chain of steep craggy rocks and threw myself headlong into the sea. The fall was enough to kill a stronger man than I, and yet I though weakened by fever and loss of blood, was only stunned. After struggling for what seemed hours and hours, I found myself feebly flapping the water, while the inflowing tide gently washed me back to the cruel world from which I had hoped to escape for ever. I did not try to kill myself again; I felt as if I had not even energy to pull the trigger of my revolver.

"Three days later I read in a local paper the account of my presumed suicide, my hat, a pocket-book containing my name, and some letters from my wife being picked up on the shore, near the spot where I so vainly courted rest. I never contradicted the report, which I knew would reach England in time. I decided that, as the world believed me dead, I would remain so to it for the future, and thus free her who loved me from the luckless chains which bound her. I felt I could no longer struggle against fate; the only reparation I could offer to Alice was to let her be a widow virtually and form new ties when the shadow of my luckless existence had gradually faded from her young life.

"I kept to my resolution, changed my name to Ross, and obtained employment at Sydney as a dock-laborer, just earning enough to keep life in me and—and—enable me to go to bed drunk every night. But a vision of the fair reproachful face of my lost love haunted my degraded sleep and bade me rise from the hopeless slough into which I was so surely sinking. I answered her appeal, and soon weaned myself from the growing passion, seeking, as a substitute, distraction for my mind as well as my body in labor of a more elevated kind. I soon learned to live only for my work. I made money again, speculation after speculation tempted me, and, though I did not coin a fortune with a royal swoop as I had done before, yet I was exceptionally successful.

"I invested every penny carefully, not with an ultimate purpose, but simply because to spend it would bring me no pleasure. And thus, Irving, seven years went by—seven emotionless, lonely years—when, just three months ago, as I stood one evening looking across the ocean, the sight of a tiny sail disappearing on the horizon on its way to England awoke in me such a fever of longing, such an intense overpowering wish to visit home again and ascertain what had become of those I had loved and lost, that I could not resist the temptation. I took a berth in the Adelaide, which was to sail that week; and here I am, Irving, gazing dimly through the veil which shrouds my native land, and—and almost wishing myself back in the sunny ambient air of the land we have left so far behind."

His voice ceased; Irving smoked on in silence for some minutes before he spoke.

"Then you have heard nothing—absolutely nothing of your wife and child during those seven years?"

"Never a word."

"And you mean to make inquiries as to their whereabouts now?"

"Yes. But I have taken an oath—an oath which I mean to keep, so help me Heaven!" answered Heyland solemnly—"that, if I find my wife alive and well, having formed other ties, and being happy and contented therein, I will not disturb her; I will return to Australia, and remain what I am virtually in the eyes of the law—a dead man. It—it would kill her to know she—she was the wife of two living husbands—my pretty Alice—my pretty Alice!"—and his voice sank to a whisper.

"Heyland," suddenly cried Irving, laying his hand with rough sympathy on his friend's shoulder, "I am not a man of pretty or appropriate words, as you know, so I will not try to tell you how I feel for you, how your story touched me; but, if you will let my sympathy take active form, I think you will find I am your man. You see, I have no particular engagements or pressing business to encroach on my time, and I could perhaps be of some service to you in making inquiries, ascertaining facts, *et-cætera*, even in helping you to bear up against any further disappointments fortune may have in store. You see, old fellow, seven years is a long spell of time, and all the circum——"

"I know, I know, dear boy!" the other interrupted. "I assure you I'm not buoyed up with any extravagant hopes. I know the chances are all dead against me; I'm armed for that. Nevertheless I feel I must know the worst before I return; but, as personal inquiries would be decidedly unsafe—though my appearance has undergone a great change, and I think few would now recognize in me the beardless fresh-faced youth of ten years ago—I am determined to run no risk; and so, Irving, I accept your kind offer, and under my direction will let you make inquiries for me. I fancy they will not detain you by me more than a day or two at the most."

Ten years was an awful gap to bridge—a wider one than Heyland had ever contemplated, he agreed confusedly, as he and his friend sat the next day in the coffee-room of a London hotel, poring over the London Directory.

"No George Willoughby in Euston Square?" he repeated incredulously. "No George Willoughby? I can't understand it! I wonder where he can have gone? Look, Irving, at some other names. There were friends of theirs close by—the Fergusons, the Harnly-Joneses, Doctor Abraham?"

"No Fergusons, Harnly-Joneses, or Abrahams in the square at present," said Irving laconically.

"No? Where then can they have all disappeared?"

"Gone West perhaps," suggested the other cheerfully. "People want change of air occasionally."

But, look where they would, the Directory gave them no clue to the whereabouts of the vanished denizens of Euston Square.

"Alice, I remember, had an aunt at Brompton and some relatives out Bayswater way. Let us look them up," said Heyland, at last.

They did so, without more success; the cousins were nowhere to be found, and the very road in which the Brompton aunt dwelt had disappeared altogether.

"Why, I feel a regular Rip van Winkle!" cried Heyland, looking in blank dismay at his friend.

"Your father-in-law had some City friends, had he not? Who were his solicitors?"

Heyland mentioned them.

"Land at last!" exclaimed Irving, after a short silence. "Here we are! Messrs. Coleman & Son, solicitors, St. Mary's Lane, E. C. The sharks are at anchor still. Now, Heyland, here's the *Times*. You just cast an eye over it for an hour or two while I wend my way to St. Mary's Lane. Keep a cool head on your shoulders, old fellow, and occupy your mind with the news."

Vain request! The moment Irving had left the room Heyland threw the newspaper from him and paced up and down in feverish expectation. Three hours passed before his friend, breathing uncomfortably from the stifling effects of a London fog, returned.

"Well—well? What have you heard? Is she alive? Is she well? Is she—oh, speak, speak man; I can bear this suspense no——"

"Now, Heyland, this won't do; control yourself, or I'll drop your case altogether, and then where will you find yourself—eh! Don't swear; it won't help me a bit. I tell you I don't know anything particular as yet."

"You don't know anything as yet?"

"I mean that I do not know where your wife is, or what her present circumstances are, I saw Coleman—rather a venerable old sharp—and introduced myself as a friend of the late departed Edward Heyland. I then learned that your father-in-law is no more. He died more than six years ago, a few months after the news of your decease reached him."

"Dead—old Willoughby dead! I never thought of that. He seemed a man who would live for ever. Dead! I can scarcely realize it."

"He had rather a bad time of it before he went, poor old boy, which helped to shorten his life. He lost almost every penny of his many years' savings through the failure of a big City firm with which he was connected. This shock brought on a stroke of paralysis, from which he never rallied. When he was gone, all his effects were sold by auction, the house in the square was given up, and a pittance was secured, I believe, for his daughter, who went to Hastings for the sake of her child, who was ailing. From that place Coleman had a communication from her—the last they ever had—about six years ago."

"The last they ever had! You—you—don't mean to say that they have never heard of her or from her since?"

"I do—unfortunately. However, I made them ferret out her address there; here it is—Miss Ramsden, 2, Victoria Terrace, Hastings."

The next day found the two men at Hastings, where they remained several days seeking for traces of Miss Ramsden, who had migrated some years before to another watering-place along the coast. After indefatigable inquiries, they at last tracked her to Brighton, where they found her no longer a humble lodging-house-keeper, but mistress of a flourishing and very select boarding-house.

It was with great difficulty that Miss Ramsden could be got to recall so insignificant a person as Mrs. Heyland; it was so many years ago—so many persons had passed through her establishment since—she had such an extensive connection—that "really, you know," much as she wished to oblige, it was impossible. Sir George Penrose and her ladyship and Mrs. Admiral McCallister, she remembered, stayed with her at Victoria Terrace; but a Mrs. Heyland—no, she really could not say——

Then suddenly, moved by the wistful appeal of poor Heyland's eyes, the good lady consented to lay aside her languid dignity and told them what she knew, which did not amount to much. Mrs. Heyland, a young widow with a sickly little child, had occupied apartments in her house for three months, after which she had gone away, leaving no address behind, and Miss Ramsden had never heard of her afterwards.

The two men went back to town, and the following fortnight was spent in fruitless pilgrimages to various corners of England in search of some clue to the whereabouts of the missing lady. They unearthed the Brompton aunt at Cheltenham, but found her an almost helpless imbecile. She knew nothing about her niece Alice Willoughby, except that she had made a wretched match with some man of the name of Hargrove—Harrington—Hewson—she could not remember exactly—who had to fly the country—or was transported—or something of the kind. That was all they could extract from her.

Heyland after this fell into a state of gloomy torpor from which his energetic companion tried in vain to rouse him.

"It's of no use, Irving," he would say bitterly—"it's of no use. I know where my poor darling is—she is beyond the help of human hand, where my voice can never reach her again. How could it be otherwise? How could she struggle on alone, unprotected, penniless, burthened with a dying child? If I could only find her bed and lay my luckless head beside hers at least in death? My pretty Alice! The first time I saw her, Irving, was one winter morning just like this. She was standing at the top of the dark old stairs, wrapped up in furs. A ray of cold sunshine, coming from a side-window, suddenly lit up her smiling face, her golden hair. I was below, and she—she looked down——"

"Heyland," interrupted Irving, who did not seem so hear the half-whispered reminiscence, "what d'ye say to tackling old Coleman again before we try Scotland Yard and the agony column of the *Times*? He struck me as being rather a knowing old blade. Suppose we put the inquiry into his hands—professionally, you know—property which I, as executor of the late Edward Heyland, wish to restore to the hands of his widow and child, if they be alive, being involved? 'Twouldn't be a bad move, would it?"

"No; you might certainly try it."

Irving came back in cheerful spirits from his second interview with the lawyers. They had taken up the case very hopefully, and assured him it should have their closest attention, particularly as it was a matter of pecuniary benefit accruing to the daughter of their late esteemed but unfortunate client. They even hinted at the existence of a slight clue, which they would turn to account at once. So he had agreed to give them a fortnight or ten days clear without harassing them with inquiries.

"And now, Heyland, old man, don't look so down in the mouth, for I think I have done a very good morning's work. What do you say to Charles Mathews for to-night?"

"Charles Mathews?" he echoed, rousing himself with a start from his listless torpor. "Of course; let's see him by all means! What a selfish beast I am, Irving! I can think of nothing but my own troubles and vain speculations. In a pretty way indeed I've been doing the honors of my native capital! Let's go in for a good wholesome round of Christmas dissipation. I suppose we shall find some of the old Strand theatres standing yet?"

Accordingly for the next ten days he tried, in an aimless, feverish way, to keep pace with the young colonist in his healthy craving for amusement and sight-seeing, tried to appear interested in the lime-lit scenes, the merry music, the wondrous pantomime pranks in which he had revelled ten years before. But all the pleasures of civilization from which he had been so long excluded served only to irritate him; he longed for the solemn silence of the Australian plains again.

One morning at the beginning of the third week in December Irving burst into his room and triumphantly flung a bit of paper upon the table before him.

"Read that, my boy, and never say die again, if you please!"

He took up the piece of paper, and read aloud the words—

"'Arbutus Lodge, Red Sands Road, Red Sands, Co. Dublin.' Well, what does it mean? What is it to me?"

"What is it to you—eh? Well, I can't say—only that it was your wife's address less than three days ago."

Heyland sprang to his feet with a torrent of stammering inquiry.

"Stem it, stem it, Heyland!" the other interrupted. "I can give you no further information. Last night I had a line from Coleman, telling me to call at his office in the morning; but, when I went there, I found that he had been summoned away by telegram, only an hour before, to some distant part of the country. His clerk handed me the following brief note—'This is the address requested. Lady has been living there some time. That is all the information I can give you.'"

"Well, please Heaven, we'll know all we want to know before to-morrow night! Dear boy, are you ready to start with me? I shall cross by the Irish mail this evening."

The next morning found them in "dear dirty Dublin," whence they departed in the afternoon for Red Sands, a sleepy little seaside town about sixteen miles to the north of the city.

[To be Continued.

COURTSHIP ON THE RANGE.

Fine Emmet, cattleman, or Duc de Durham, as he was sometimes called, was a character who had an existence and a location at Deer Trail, Col. Fine possessed a large amount of personality, as, indeed, did many of the sturdy cowmen of the plains. He was the owner of large herds of cattle, and by the use of the unlimited range afforded by Uncle Sam's vacant land had only to take care of what he had and watch himself grow rich.

Besides his cattle business, he was also an expert gambler, and, as nearly everybody in this western country indulged in this kind of pastime, he found no difficulty in providing himself with partners to his heart's content. There seemed to be method in his indulgence, for he nearly always pocketed the stakes and increased his possessions thereby.

In the conduct of his business he employed quite a large number of cowboys and with these, in one way and another, he would manage to play until their earnings were all exhausted, and at the end of the season they would have nothing to show for their work.

Among the rest whom he employed one spring for this kind of work was Pat Drake. Pat was a fine-looking young fellow, skilled in all the arts that go to make an expert cowboy, at home in the saddle, and toying with a lariat as a child would a plaything. Another fact, not so well understood in camp, was that he was very expert at cards, and would play whenever he was invited with all the nonchalance with which he engaged in every duty or pleasure that fell to his lot.

The old man Hitson was another large cattle owner who lived at Deer Tail. He was formerly from Texas, and had a large family comprising two daughters and several sons. He was of the lawless renegade sort who had always brought odium on the whole fraternity of cowboys and cattlemen, and his family partook of these characteristics.

One daughter, Nellie, though uncouth and rude, as with her surroundings she could not help being, was nevertheless possessed of finer sensibilities, higher aspirations, and a more affectionate temperament than the rest.

Emmet had all along admired Nellie, and it had generally been understood, by the family and others who knew them, that they would eventually unite their destinies. But when Pat Drake, with his handsome face and dashing ways, came into the camp, it was easy to be seen that he made an impression upon the fair Nellie and was himself smitten with her.

The reckless, happy-go-lucky Pat rode the range faithfully during the day, and was ready for any proposed amusement in the evening. It not unfrequently happened that by some coincidence he met and spent a portion of the evening with Nellie.

Though his services were valuable, he was not long in seeing that he was not liked by his employer, and was also aware that the Hitson boys were far from regarding him with favor.

An instinctive feeling that Pat was his equal, or some sort of reluctance, had prevented Emmet from playing with him. One evening after several months' service, however, they met at the saloon when Jesse Hitson was present. After significant winks had passed between him and Emmet, the latter invited Pat to play, and they were soon seated and playing in dead earnest. Emmet soon became aware of the fact that he had met no "tenderfoot," but he was bound to win, at least, the amount he was owing Pat for his services. Pat, however, steadily led the game, and Emmet found himself as steadily losing, at which he began to play more recklessly, and endeavored by swaggering to intimidate Pat. The latter kept perfectly cool, however, and continued to pocket the stakes. The amount of the winnings had now reached several hundred dollars, and Emmet decided to put a stop to it some way, and finally he angrily exclaimed:

"You are cheating, Pat!"

"It is a lie!" said Pat quietly, and almost in the same breath.

Both men grasped for their revolvers, but Pat was surprised to hear Jesse Hitson say, coolly:

"Don't ye pull your gun, Pat; I've got the drop on ye."

For an instant Pat's coolness left him, as he saw the fearful odds against him; then everybody was startled by hearing a female voice saying:

"Hide out, Jesse Hitson, or I will let daylight through you! Give your gun to the bartender and go through that door quick." Then almost in the same breath, Nellie, for she it was, added: "Put up your gun, Pat! I have got the drop on both of them, and am going to see fair play." Then, when she had seen Jesse out of the door and Pat's revolver in position, she said to Emmet: "Now, Fine Emmet, you put up or shut up! Back out or go on and play just as you choose, but if you do play, I will see that you play fair. In fact, I never would have interferred but for some remarks I overheard Jesse make, and from which I concluded Pat would have no chance against both of you."

There was something about backing out, and that, too, in the presence of Nellie, that Emmet could not bear, and so he concluded to try his luck still further. His playing was of such a spiritless character, however, that Pat had a complete victory. His winnings grew considerably larger, and 200 head of cattle had been staked and won before Emmet would consent to back down, though every minute that he played he was sacrificing so much to his pride.

When at last Emmet withdrew it was in no half-hearted way, but with a cordial manner, and he took Pat's hand and said:

"Pat, you are the best man, and I am glad to surrender to such a whole-souled fellow, and one who has done everything on the square; but the worst of it is, I suppose I must surrender Nellie, too. What can't be cured must be endured, though, and the only consolation I know is to seek some one else to fill the aching void." And then he added: "I dont want you to fix a day for the wedding until I have a chance to see you again, as I want to make some arrangements that will be agreeable to both you and to me. You are now the owner of cattle enough to make a cowman of no mean pretensions, and we want to keep on friendly terms. Still it seems a little rough for me to have to furnish the bride and the settin' out too."

Pat deposited enough money with the bartender to entertain all callers, and then walked home with Nellie.

Upon arriving at the Hitson homestead they found Jesse had preceded them, and the whole family was in an uproar. The only one who espoused Nellie's cause was her mother, and this, too, contrary to the expectations of Nellie and Pat. Fine Emmet, they knew, was considered too good a catch to be trifled away. But though the old lady had showed a disposition to see fair play, she did not assent to the whole transaction without an investigation, and as the young couple entered she said—

"What does this mean, Nell?"

"It means that Pat and I have been out walking," said the girl, somewhat timidly.

"How did you come to be walking together, Pat?"

"Nellie helped me out of a bad scrape and saved my life, so very naturally I saw her home; moreover, we love each other, and want you to consent to our marriage."

"But Fine Emmet has the first claim to her," said the old lady.

"He has given it up fair and square and says I can have her," said Pat.

"That makes things look different," said the old woman. "But what can a poor cowboy like you do with a wife? How can you take care of Nell, who has always had all the ponies she wanted to ride, and everything to her notion?"

"I have 200 cattle and $1.000 in money that I won of Fine Emmet to-night," said he.

"Can you keep them?" the old woman queried.

"That I can, and get more all the while."

"Wall, that looks like business, and I guess the old man and I can get along with it if you two can, and Fine feels as you say about it. If he only wanted Kate, now, you too could be partners and make a strong team of his range, with the Hitsons to back you."

Kate, to whom the old woman had referred, was the older daughter, and, though not possessed of as desirable a ditposition as Nellie, had always been jealous of Emmet's attentions to her, and as she listened it was evident that the arrangements rather pleased her than otherwise, and, unnoticed by the rest, she glided out of the house. Not many minutes afterward she returned, accompanied by Fine Emmet, and in high glee shouted:

"Mother, Fine wants you to consent for him to marry me, and we want a double wedding one week from to-day."

"Wall! this beats all the dogs down in Texas before the war," said the dazed old woman. "But you can't get married next week, or the week after, and not until the east 'round-up' gets back Then we will have the biggest time there has been on this creek for twenty-years. With fiddles from Denver, and a man to keep sober and take care of the guns, there shall be no limit to the enjoyment, and you shall have a glorious 'send-off.'"

Newspaper Correspondent—"And you say your husband was killed by the Mexican authorities?" Texas Widow—"Yes, murdered in cold blood." Newspaper Correspondent—"Er—was he worth much?" Texas Widow—"We hope to get $100,000 for him from the Mexican Government."

All Sorts.

A nice girl says the real "cutter day" comes with the first sleighing, and a "big swell and not a great deal of wind" are the best conditions.

Perhaps no one will find any fault, but we must say it looks to us a little inconsistent for the Prohibitionists to place a "full" ticket in the field.

We can't help being glad that the Pilgrim Fathers came over in the Mayflower. If they had taken passage on the Galatea they might not have been here yet.

A Waterbury five year old at the supper table last evening sat down a cup of milk, which he had raised to his lips, with the remark, "Mamma, I believe the milkman has a sour cow."

"You know something about music, don't you, Joggins?" "A little, Snooper." "Then what does this paper mean when it speaks of higher kinds of music?" "Must mean upper attic, I think."

Andrew Fontaine-Montague, a London dude, with an income of $20,000 a year, never wears a collar. It is not surprising. The labor entailed in buttoning a collar is altogether to exhausting for a dude.

"Ah, you have just returned from Germany?" "Yes, I also went to Bayreuth." "The deuce you did! The country of the Wagnerite!" "Yes; but it was in a railroad car, with cotton stuffed in both ears."

At the telegraph office: "That makes eight words, madam." "Am I not entitled to send two words more?" "Certainly, madam." "Very well, then; have the kindness to put the words 'in haste' on the envelope of the telegram."

Citizen: "I see that Councilman McGilligan has been placed on the committee on streets. Rather strange, isn't it?" Statesman: "Well, I think not. There are a good many streets to be laid out in the course of a year, and Mac is a slugger. See?"

An Intelligent Train Crew.

Texas Siftings.

"I was once braking on a passenger train where the entire crew were most industrious students in one line or another. There were two brakemen reading law."

"Were they admitted to the bar?"

"They were admitted to every bar on the road, and if there was any hesitation about it they kicked in the door and thrashed the barkeeper. As for myself," he continued, "I studied civil engineering."

"Did you ever lay out a township?"

"I tried to do it once, when I had a load on, but I got laid out myself instead."

"What was you conductor studying?"

"He was studying the manly art, pugilism."

"How do you know?"

"Because he 'knocked down' every chance he got. The baggageman was studying painting."

"What did he paint?"

"His nose. You see there was always more or less liquor in the baggage car."

"But the engineer was too much engaged in running his locomotive to give any time to study, was he not?"

"No, indeed; he was a great mechanical genius, and was always studying to make something.

"Did he make anything?"

"Oh, yes, he made sixty dollars a month."

"I mean did he make anything outside?"

"Often."

"What was it?"

"A mash. But our firemen was a genuine musical prodigy. You ought to have seen him play."

"The piano."

"No, keno."

"A wonderful smart crew you must have had."

"Yes, indeed, even the candy butcher who sold papers could pick—"

"The banjo?"

"No, a pocket."

A QUESTION ABOUT

Brown's Iron Bitters

ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times, "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe IRON. Physicians recognize Iron as the best restorative agent known to the profession, and inquiry of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are more preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—**all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, Tired Feeling, General Debility, Pain** in the **Side, Back** or **Limbs, Headache** and **Neuralgia**—for all these ailments Iron is prescribed daily.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by one the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. The muscles then become firmer, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In *women* the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin at once to brighten; the skin clears up; healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant sustenance is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the **ONLY** iron medicine that is not injurious. *Physicians and Druggists recommend it.*

The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. **TAKE NO OTHER.**

Miscelaneous.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

To All Wanting Employment.

We want Live, Energetic and Capable Agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, ON ITS MERITS. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every house-owner, it might not be necessary to make an "EXTRAORDINARY OFFER" to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in the merits of our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from $150 to $600 a month clear and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent that will give our business a thirty days' trial and fail to clear at least $100 in this time, ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days and fail to clear at least $750 ABOVE ALL EXPENSES, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employer of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guaranteed; and but two sales a day would give a profit of over $125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to everyone out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer. We would like to have the address of all the agents, sewing machine solicitors and carpenters in the country, and ask any reader of this paper who reads this offer, to send us at once the name and address of all such they know. Address at once, or you will lose the best chance ever offered. To those out of employment to make money. RENNER MANUFACTURING CO.
110 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa.
7 11 1y

GOLD fields are scarce, but those who write to Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $25 per day. Some have earned over $50 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who start at once are absolutely sure of snug little fortunes. All is new.
17 46 1y

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANAEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians in the countries of the world.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Send for Pamphlet on Wasting Diseases. Address, SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.
13 9 1y

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Organized with a full Staff of eighteen Experienced and Skillful Physicians and Surgeons for the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Diseases, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Diseases of Women, Blood Diseases and Nervous Affections, cured here or at home, with or without seeing the patient. Come and see us, or send ten cents in stamps for our "Invalids' Guide Book," which gives all particulars.

DELICATE DISEASES. Nervous Debility, Impotency, Nocturnal Losses, and all Morbid Conditions caused by Youthful Follies and Pernicious Solitary Practices are speedily and permanently cured by our Specialists. Book, post-paid, 10 cts. in stamps.

RUPTURE. Rupture, or Breach, radically cured without the knife, without trusses, without pain, and without danger. Cures Guaranteed. Book sent for ten cents in stamps.

PILE TUMORS and STRICTURES treated under guarantee to cure. Book sent for ten cents in stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. The treatment of many thousands of cases of those diseases peculiar to WOMEN at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, has afforded large experience in adapting remedies for their cure, and

DR. PIERCE'S
Favorite Prescription
is the result of this vast experience.

It is a powerful Restorative Tonic and Nervine, imparts vigor and strength to the system, and cures, as if by magic, Leucorrhea, or "whites," excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus or falling of the uterus, weak back, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, internal heat, and "female weakness."

It promptly relieves and cures Nausea and Weakness of Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, and Sleeplessness, in either sex.

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large Treatise on Diseases of Women, illustrated.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

SICK-HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. 25 cents a vial, by Druggists.

A Temperance Sabbath and Day of Prayer.

October 16 and 17, 1886.

To the Christian Public:

The Temperance Reform stands today "upon the heights of answered prayer." The arrest of thought has come at last.

"The world is awake and its ear is set,
Its lips are apart and its eyelids wet."

At our annual meeting, held in Philadelphia October 25, 1885, forty States and Territories being represented by three hundred duly accredited delegates, a request came from twenty one leading pastors of the city of nearly every denomination, that the Convention designate a certain Sabbath in each year, to be be known as 'Temperance Sunday' throughout the world and that the W. C. T. U. exert its influence in all its local Unions to secure its observance in all churches."

In compliance with this request we earnestly and most respectfully suggest to all pastors, Sunday School Superintendents and Temperance societies, that October 17, the Sabbath preceding the Twelfth annual meeting of the National W. C. T. U., at Minneapolis, Minnesota, be observed as Temperance Sabbath by sermons in the morning, Sunday School exercises in the afternoon and a Union Temperance meeting in the evening.

We also earnestly request our Local Unions to observe the preceding day, (Saturday, October 16,) as a day of Prayer. Let the hours be from 10 to 4 o'clock, with a leader appointed for each hour, and the following subjects of Bible study, hymn and prayer:

10:00-11:00.—Our National Sins—Intemperance and Impurity.

11:00-12:00.—Individual remedies for these—total abstinence, White Cross Pledge, both "By God's help"

12:00-1:00.—Noon Hour of Prayer for the World's W. C. T. U., the success of our Great Petition for the overthrow of the liquor traffic and the opium trade; the continued health and success of our officers and organizers in foreign lands; that the Queen of England and all rulers and potentates may become total abstainers and advocate our sacred cause.

1:00-2:00.—Our National Sins: Our National remedies—Total Prohibition Constitutional and Statutory; Sabbath Laws, the Bible in the Public Schools; Hygienic Education for the Young.

2:00-3:00.—Individual remedies for National Sins; the Christian voter's Relation to the Securing and the Enforcement of Righteous Law.

3:00-4:00.—The National W. C. T. U. Its purpose, plans, officers and members; its annual meeting, October 22-26.

"Seeing then that we have a great High Priest that is passed into the Heavens let us come boldly unto the Throne of Grace, that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need.

Earnestly praying that Pastors and people may be plenteously replenished with Heavenly grace, we are, on behalf, of the National W. C. T. U., your Christian sisters.

FRANCES E. WILLARD, *President.*
MRS. C. B. BUELL, *Cor. Secretary,*
H'dq's National W. C. T. U., Chicago.

Love and Marriage.
(Cincinnati Enquirer.)

If strangers of opposite sexes resemble each other you can wager a thousand to one that they will be married if they meet provided they carefully avoid using the words "if" and "but" or give them a proper turn when used.

You must never give shoes or stockings to any one whom you wish to retain near you; if you do he will be sure to run away.

If a lover presents a knife or any sharp instrument to his beloved their love will be cut assunder unless he takes a pin or something similar in exchange. Hence the words of the old song:

"If you love me as I love you
No knife can cut our love in two."

A young bride should not assist in washing her own linen for the first time after the wedding if she wishes to remain in the land of the living; nor must she help sew her own garments if she would not be unfortunate with her children. Furthermore, no girl who has worn the myrtle wreath in jest will ever become a bride; and if she does this with a silver wreath (used in some parts of Germany) she will never celebrate her silver wedding.

If you are to be married in church you must leave the house hand in hand, and, be the steps ever so narrow, you must descend together. If you let go of each other it will bring separation, either in life or death.

He who looks around on the way to the wedding is looking for another; and if the wedding ring is lost it forebodes that the couple will not live long together.

If a younger sister is married before the others the latter should take care to dance at her wedding without shoes, otherwise they can never hope to get husbands.

Miscelaneous.

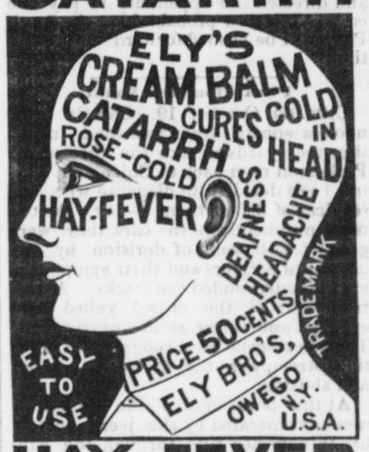
EXHAUSTED VITALITY.
ILLUSTRATIVE Sample FREE.

KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, Exhausted Vitality, &c., &c., and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion or excesses; 300 pages, substantially bound in gilt, muslin. Contains more than 125 invaluable prescriptions, embracing every vegetable remedy in the pharmacopoeia for all acute and chronic diseases. It is emphatically a book for every man. Price only $1 by mail, post paid, concealed in plain wrapper.

ILLUSTRATIVE SAMPLE FREE TO ALL Young and middle-aged men for the next ninety days. Send now, or cut this out, as you may never see it again. Address Dr. W. H. PARKER, 4 Bulfinch street, Boston, Mass.

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N.Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
the popular favorite for dressing the hair. Restoring color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS.
The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, &c. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Never fails to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., N. Y.
18 42 4

DEAFNESS Its causes and new and successful CURE at your own home by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most noted specialists without benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then a hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City.
18 42 1t

DYSPEPSIA—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By JOHN H. McALVIN, Lowell, Mass., 14 years Tax Collector. Sent free to any address. 18 42 4t

4500 sold in Ten Days!! A GREAT HIT 5000 more AGENTS WANTED to supply the immense demand for the most new authentic work—GLADSTONE—PARNELL AND THE GREAT IRISH STRUGGLE
A thrilling history of the mighty struggle throughout America and Europe, that is rocking the British Empire to its centre. Only $2.50. Endorsed by Parnell. Illustrated. SELLS FAST. Address HUBBARD BROS., Philadelphia, Pa. 39 4t

Are You CONSUMPTIVE.
Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion? Use PARKER'S TONIC without delay. It has cured many of the worst cases and is the best remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs, and diseases arising from impure blood and exhaustion. The feeble and sick, struggling against disease, and slowly drifting to the grave, will in most cases recover their health by the timely use of PARKER'S TONIC, but delay is dangerous. Take it in time. Cures when all else fails. Gives new life and strength to the aged and infirm. $1 at Druggists.
18 39 3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of S. Durbin Gray, dec'd, late of Bellefonte, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MARY L. GRAY,
18 37 6t Administratrix.

THE RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE
DOES THE BUSINESS.

Thousands have tried it and found relief. There is abundant testimony to the point, positive and unsolicited, which should convince the most skeptical. If you suffer with Rheumatism, send for a pamphlet which tells what has been done for others. It is sent free. To be cured costs only $2.50, for one box is sufficient for the worst case.

IT HAS NEVER FAILED

J. C. MCALLISTER, for many years with Hood, Bonbright & Co., now with Wood, Brown & Co., Phila., says: "I suffered from Rheumatism so terribly that I could hardly walk, was at times unable to turn my head. I tried the Russian Rheumatism Cure. Inside of two weeks I was completely cured."

Descriptive pamphlet, with testimonials, free.
Price $2.50. If mailed, 10c. additional. If registered, 10c. more.

One box does the business. RUSSIAN RHEUMATISM CURE. None Genuine without this Trade-Mark.

Accept it is not to be found at the stores, but can only be had by inclosing the amount as above, and addressing the American proprietors,

PFAELZER BROS. & CO.
819-821 Market Street, Philadelphia.
13 13 y

10 000 HARDWOOD FARMS IN MICHIGAN

For sale by the GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R. CO. Sugar maple the principal timber.

Advantages: Railroads already built, numerous towns and cities, one of the healthiest parts of the United States, purest water, good markets, fine fruit, good roads, schools, churches, large agricultural population, best building material at low figures, good soil, low prices, easy terms, perfect title. For books, maps, charts, and all additional information, address

W. O. HUGHART,
Land Commissioner, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Miscelaneous

Important Notice!

HEADQUARTERS FOR
GALVANIZED and PLAIN
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
CAST IRON,
TERRA COTTA
DRAIN PIPE,
FITTINGS OF ALL KINDS,

plumbing and steam fitting, light and heavy castings and general machine work,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

)o(

Agents for
CUSTER CO.
FOR THE
LANSING WAGON.

Every wagon warranted and sold at a fair price. Call and see us at

THE LOGAN FOUNDRY,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
[BUCK & BUSH.]
18 26 tf

CHRISTIE'S
School of Business,
Kreamer's Commercial Building,
CORNER MAIN AND MILL STREETS,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

This Institution is devoted to the specialty of imparting business knowledge, and to qualifying the young and middle aged of both sexes by new and practical methods for the responsible duties of business life. Rates moderate. Advantages superior. For particulars address

$350 PER MONTH.—*Salary and Commission,* to competent Manager for this City or State Agency. A splendid combination. *Our* AUTOMATIC GAS GOVERNORS save 33 per cent. in gas bills. *Our Silver Gas Lights* can be attached to any fixture, instantly changing the dull, sickly, yellow flame of any gas to a soft, mellow, luminous white, increasing brilliancy 50 per cent. Over 8,000 in service. Address,
THE UNION NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO.,
21 East 14th St., New York. 38 3m

MEN WANTED
to sell for the HOOKER NURSERIES. Established 1835. Good Pay All the Year Around on salary or commission. Send for terms.
H. E. HOOKER CO., Rochester, N. Y.
18 37 3t

W. P. Duncan & Co.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
Steam Engines,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery
46a8 12-1y

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT
BookBindery.

The Only Book Binding Establishment in Centre County.

We have purchased an entire new outfit for the Book Binding business, and have engaged one of the

BEST BINDERS

in the State, MR. JOHN LINGLE, late foreman of the Patriot Book Bindery of Harrisburg, and are therefore prepared to bind all kinds of

BOOKS,
PAPERS,
MAGAZINES,
BLANK BOOKS,
PAMPHLETS,
LAW BOOKS,
HOTEL REGISTERS,
&c., &c., &c

POCKET-BOOKS, HYMN BOOKS
TRAVELING BAGS AND
SATCHELS LETTERED.

Old Books Re-Bound.

All binding will be done at our establishment. No work will be sent away for binding. You are thus saved the express charges and commission.

All Work Guaranteed.

ADDRESS THE
CENTRE DEMOCRAT BOOK BINDER
HARRIS BLOCK,
Bellefonte Penna.
17 41

Professional Cards.

LAND SURVEYING. Grateful to the public for past favors, I shall continue in the business, and shall endeavor to give satisfaction to all my patrons. Office with D. F. Fortney, Esq., in Conrad House.
JAMES D. GORDON,
18 11tf Bellefonte, Pa.

R. C. AMBER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office at the south-west corner of the Diamond. All business promptly attended to. 17 12 1y

JOHN KLINE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16 17 1y

S. D. RAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond near Brockerhoff House. 15-24 1

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. [24 7 1-tf

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office at No. 7 East High St. 5 17-1y

PATRICK O'FARRELL,
Attorney at Law,
WASHINGTON, D. C
Solicitor of Patents, Claims and Pensions.
Increase of Pensions a specialty.
Officer's muster corrected, Back pay collected,
Soldiers who have lost their discharges can obtain new certificates.
Charge of DESERTION removed
Question blanks, instructing parties how to state their cases, furnished free.
Write for information. 17 35 tf

Banks and Bankers.

S. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 9 mar 87

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen under Centre county bank building. High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 8-11

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office over Lyon's store on Allegheny st.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch)
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts, three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-51-1y

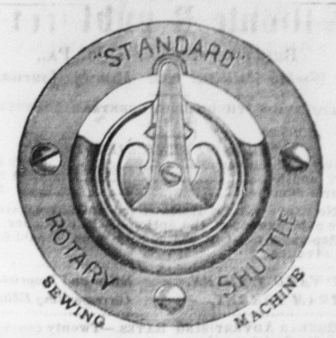
FRENCH'S HOTEL.
CITY HALL SQUARE, NEW YORK,
Opposite City Hall and the Post Office.
This Hotel is one of the most complete in its appointments and furniture of ANY HOUSE in New York City and is conducted on the
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Rooms only One Dollar per day. Half minute's walk from Brooklyn Bridge and Elevated R. R. All lines of cars pass the door. Most convenient Hotel in New York for merchants to stop at. Dining Rooms, Cafe and Lunch Counter replete with all the luxuries at moderate prices. 18 27 1y

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

INSURANCE.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING
99-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER
Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

A. V. SMITH,
(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)
GROCER,
61 High Street,
OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Miscellaneous



Marvellous Sewing Machine Invention!
Wonderful Blessing to the Ladies!
The Continuous Rotary Motion!
MAKES WORK
Twice as rapid as on other machines.
Twice as easy as on other machines.

Genuine Improved Bent Wood Work.
Beautiful and Practical Attachments.
Send for descriptive circular.

C. C. EMMONS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Wholesale Dealer for Western Pennsylvania and Western Maryland.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE.
Fall Term Begins Sept. 8, 1886.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Latin Scientific course.
3. The following ADVANCED COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the general Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.
7. A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.
8. A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.
9. Special Courses are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent Lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President.*
8-1f *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

OPENS TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 21.
$500 A YEAR. $125 QUARTERLY.
WITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE'S ACADEMY
For Young Men & Boys, Media, Pa

12 miles from Philadelphia. Fixed price covers every expense, even books, &c. No extra charges. No incidental expenses. No furnishing. No examinations for admission. Twelve experienced teachers, all men, and all graduates. Special opportunities for apt students to advance rapidly. Special drill for dull and backward boys. Patrons or students may select any studies or choose the regular English, Scientific, Business, Classical or Civil Engineering course. Students fitted at Media Academy are now at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and ten other Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. 10 students sent to college in 1883, 15 in 1884, 10 in 1885, 10 in 1886. A graduating class every year in the commercial department. A Physical and Chemical Laboratory, Gymnasiums and Ball Ground. 1,000 volumes added to Library in 1883. Physical apparatus doubled in 1883. All students board with the Principal. Excellent table. Boys may room alone. Media has seven churches and a temperance charter which prohibits the sale of all intoxicating drinks. For new illustrated circular address the Principal and Proprietor, SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A. M. (Harvard Graduate), Media, Pa. 18 35 1y

Percheron HORSES.
Island Home Stock Farm
Grosse Isle, Mich.
All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the
French and American Stud Books. We have a very large number of imported and grade stallions and brood mares on hand. Prices reasonable. Correspondence solicited. Send for large illustrated catalogue, free by mail. Address SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.
18 23 1

SWAYNES
THROAT & LUNG TROUBLES CONQUERED BY SWAYNE'S WILD CHERRY
SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE THE CHILDREN'S MEDICINE.
TO KEEP HEALTHY 1. EXERCISE DAILY 2. EAT GOOD FOOD 3. BE CHEERFUL 4. USE SWAYNE'S PILLS.
SWAYNE'S PANACEA PURIFIES SYPHILYTIC BLOOD.
LONDON HAIR RESTORER (ENGLISH) DR. SWAYNE & SON SOLE AGENT.
OINTMENT
THE GREAT CURE FOR ITCHING PILES & SKIN HUMOR
SYMPTOMS Moisture, intense itching and stinging, most at night—worse by scratching—very distressing. If allowed to continue tumors form which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore.
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT Stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in many cases removes the tumors. Sent by mail for 50 cts.
PREPARED ONLY BY DR. SWAYNE & SON, PHILADELPHIA. SOLD BY Druggists
DR. SWAYNE'S MEDICINES OLDEST IN U. S.
18 24 1y

Bellfonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PA.,

A Weekly Political and Family Journal.

CIRCULATION THROUGHOUT CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - Editor and Proprietor
HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.
Special Notices, Twenty cents a line each insertion.
Annual and Six Months' Contract at Reduced Rates.

The Blaine Ovation.

PHILADELPHIA, October 17.—Last night was a great night for James G. Blaine. With his son Walker he got into town in the afternoon, and went to Continental hotel very quietly. This was his wish. He did not register, the number of his room was not made public, and as a consequence he avoided the crowd. The rush to hear him was tremendous. Special trains brought thousands into town, and throughout the afternoon the Republican headquarters were besieged with seekers after tickets. After resting, Mr. Blaine, late in the afternoon, started out for a walk, but the crowd recognized him, and he was driven back to shelter, where he remained until it was time to go to the academy. Meanwhile people began to collect on Broad street, and by 7 o'clock the neighborhood of the Academy of Music was blocked. Fifteen policemen guarded the doors when they were opened half an hour later. Then there was a grand rush for place. The officers were swept from their posts, tickets were perfectly useless, and in a twinkling the great theatre was packed to suffocation from pit to dome. Then the people outside waited to give Blaine a reception as he passed by them, but again they were disappointed, for Mr. Blaine's carriage was driven along Fifteenth street and down to the side entrance.

When the man from Maine appeared on the stage, everybody in the building arose and cheered himself hoarse. No such demonstration has been witnessed here since that to Grant upon his return from Europe. Handkerchiefs were waved, and the band started in on "The Star Spangled Banner." Mr. Blaine saw Judge Kelley, the father of the house of representatives, on the stage, and went over to shake his hand. Then the crowd broke out afresh, and the hurrahs were taken up on the outside. It was simply an ovation—nothing less—and a most remarkable one. Mr. Blaine devoted considerable of his speech in the Academy of Music to the tariff, following the line of his protection arguments in the Maine campaign. Regarding prohibition, he said: "For thirty years Maine has had a prohibitory movement. The average citizen of Maine, after thirty years' experience, thought they knew something about themselves, and suddenly there was a third party and the party was to divide factions and commit themselves to the tender embrace of the Democratic party.

The Republican party of Pennsylvania has said at its last convention that the people of the state should decide the prohibition question—just what the people of Maine said thirty years ago, and Maine has had thirty years of prohibition. But that won't suit the prohibition party. I believe there are many upright men in Pennsylvania and Maine who may be misled. I believe, by my experience in Maine, by my observation in Pennsylvania, that the prohibition party would co-operate even to moral treason and combine with the democratic party. I believe the people of Pennsylvania and the country will not be diverted by a movement of this kind. I am only repeating what I have said in my own State. I believe that if they would break down the protective tariff and bring in free trade they would give the cause of temperance a deadly blow.

"Reconstruction in the south was a burning theme." He said that after reconstruction had been completed, as soon as the rebels got possession, they trampled on everything they had agreed to, and since they have controlled congress they have put in thirty-five fraudulent members. At first they said: "We won't have any niggers here." Then they said: "We won't have any white men from the south." So the carpet-baggers had to leave. And, now that the democratic party is in power, they take another step, and in Vicksburg, the manly postmaster, who is an editor, says that "we won't allow any republican candidate against our candidate for governor."

Mr. Blaine continued: "You take those eleven states and compare the colored vote and the white vote, and in three states the majority is on the side of the colored voters, and the whole population of whites does not exceed the black population. The white men have eighty five representatives, and, excepting in the Hill district of Tennessee, they sent free traders to congress, which may decide the fate of the tariff. The democrats reach on the one side to break down the tariff and compel the northern ill-paid laboring man to compete with the ill paid foreign laboring man. A man from North Carolina asked me what I thought was the average cost of the house in which the field laborer lived and he assured me it was not more than $9. By this nefarious practice of democracy, the southern laborer lives in something more than what would be a pig sty on a Pennsylvania farm. The New York *Times* and the *Evening Post*, and papers of that ilk ask us what we are going to do about it. Why, we are going to force the country to action, with an enthusiasm as great and strong as that which forced the British parliament to consider Ireland's freedom, and Russia to release her serfs, and as great a public criticism as last week caused the queen of Spain to make free the last slaves in Cuba. We'll rouse the country."

From Sabine Pass.

GALVESTON, Texas, October 15.—Very little additional information is obtainable from Sabine Pass. Telegraphic communication has been re-established with Beaumont and Orange, but the people of those places seem to be awaiting the return of the relief parties which have gone to Sabine Pass. According to all information the hurricane itself did not reach the coast around Sabine at all, and when the tidal wave struck the town there was hardly a breath of wind stirring. A fierce northwestern gale soon sprang up, however, forcing the waters out of Lake Sabine against the high tide from the gulf and driving them over the town. The government tug Penrose started for Sabine yesterday afternoon. Reports from Beaumont confirm the loss of life. The latest reports place the loss of life at sixty.

Sabine Pass, or, as it is also called, Sabine City, was a thriving little post village of Jefferson county, Texas, situated on the Gulf of Mexico, at the mouth of the Sabine river, about sixty-six miles east-northeast of Galveston. It contained several handsome church buildings, a bank, ample educational facilities, besides numerous large stores, which gave it commercial importance in the county. The population in 1880 was officially stated to be 457, but the past six years have doubtless doubled the figures. An attractive feature of the place was its picturesque situation, fronting on a fine sea beach whose natural beauty and contiguity to the village made it something of a watering place. In favorable seasons it was numerously visited by valetudinarians and pleasure seekers from the surrounding country, who found both health and pleasure in the bracing air and the surf bathing it furnished.

BEAUMONT, Tex., Oct. 15.—The committee of citizens who returned to-day from Sabine Pass report that 101 persons are missing, ninety of whom are known to have been drowned. Thirty-five of the victims were white and fifty-five colored. Out of 150 houses in the village, less than 6 remain standing. Corpses have been picked up at a distance of 30 miles from the scene of the disaster. The damage will aggregate $500,000. Great destitution prevails and aid is asked for.

End of the Strike.

CHICAGO, October 18.—The strike of the packing house workmen was formally ended this afternoon. The strikers held a mass meeting on the prairie, at which between twelve thousand and fourteen thousand were present. A proposition to return to work on the ten-hour plan was carried almost unanimously and the strike was declared at an end.

Armour & Co. say they will not discharge any of the men they have brought in, and that as far as they are concerned they feel almost independent of the strikers. They killed 500 cattle yesterday with their new men and expected to kill 600 to-day. Two members of the executive board of district assembly 57 said that there would be no trouble about the non-union men. If they were put to work in the houses with the union men it wouldn't be long before they would quit of their own accord, as things would be made pretty hot for them.

A non-union man came from the direction of Armour's packing house this morning, and was set upon by a crowd of boys and severely thrashed. He finally made his escape. Shortly after 10 o'clock a Pinkerton man, in full uniform and carrying two bundles under his arm, walked through the yards toward the Town hall. Just before reaching the Exchange building he was surrounded by a crowd of boys, who hooted and yelled at him. He put his hand in his pocket as though to draw a revolver. This act was greeted with a shower of stones, and the officer started to run through the cattle-pens toward the tracks on Fortieth street, where he was caught by a crowd of fully one hundred. His packages, containing his wardrobe, were taken from him and torn to pieces and he was pounded and kicked about the face, head and body until he was insensible. While lying there his coat was taken from him and torn into shreds. He finally came to his senses and crawled off between the cars just as another crowd came up and wanted to kill him. A search was made for him, but he managed to secret himself, and finally got away.

An Electric Boy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—Investigation of the story about Willie Brough, the boy living at Turlock, in San Joaquin valley, who was supposed by superstitious people to set fire to objects by merely fixing his eyes upon them, exploded that part of it, of course. He is evidently overcharged with electricity to a remarkable extent. The snapping of his fingers causes sparks to fly. The postmaster of Turlock has heard him relate gleefully how he has set fire to wall paper by this means. An insurance agent, it is alleged, has refused to take more risks on property in the neighborhood so long as the boy remains there. The man, however, denies this statement, but confirms the story of the peculiar electric phenomena and declares himself deeply interested from a scientific point of view.

Popular excitement has been so great since the story of the sinster power of Master Brough was circulated that his father has felt impelled to move away, and has gone to reside on the other side of the San Joaquin river, taking refuge with his family in a cottage in the cottonwood timber, a long way from village or railroad. A reporter found him there. He denied that his son had caused this, but admitted that he had told him that when lying in bed at night he saw sparks flying about him. Willie is an extremely nervous boy, 11 years old, with a largely developed head. In a melancholy way he said he did not know how the mysterious fires occurred, but said he saw sparks about his own body at night.

Foreign Brevities.

BERLIN, October 15.—Official circles here continue hopeful of an amicable settlement of the Bulgarian question. The Conservatives in the Reichstag will propose a motion to replace the military septennate by an unfixed period. The effective army project has been ostensibly abandoned by the Government in order to allow the Conservatives to take the initiative.

EMPEROR WILLIAM TO GO BOAR HUNTING.

BERLIN, October 15.—Emperor William has accepted an invitation from the Regent of Brunswick to go boar hunting, in the Harz mountains, at the end of this month.

ENGLAND LEFT OUT IN THE COLD.

ATHENS, Greece, October 15.—Newspapers here, commenting on the various phases of the eastern difficulties, conclude that England has been left out in the cold.

Shoes & Clothing.

Do You Want?

)o(

Do you want a handsome cloth dress, A beautiful Tricot—a stylish homespun—for less than any where else—come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a short coat?
Do you want a long coat?
Do you want a stylish Jersey coat?
Do you want a stylish Boucle coat?
Do you want any kind of a nice new style coat or wrap? Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a cheap cloth dress?
Do you want a good cloth dress?
Do you want good Flannels cheap?
Do you want a good shawl?
Do you want a cheap shawl?
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want Dry goods,
Dress goods, Flannels, shawls,
Skirts, Knit Hoods, Cashmeres,
cheap Plaids, good Plaids,
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want cheap Jerseys?
Do you want good Jerseys?
Do you want cheap gloves?
Do you want good gloves?
Do you want cheap corsets?
Do you want good corsets?
Do you want cheap Hose?
Do you want good Hose?
Do you want children's Wool Hose?
Do you want Ladies' good or cheap Wool Hose?
Do you want Knit underwear?
Red underwear,
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a cheap shoe?
Do you want a good shoe?
Do you want a fine shoe?
Do you want a dressy shoe?
Do you want a warranted shoe?
Do you want a French Kid shoe?
Do you want an old lady's soft shoe?
Do you want a child's shoe?
A Misses' shoe?
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a child's suit?
Do you want a boy's suit?
Do you want a school suit?
Do you want a youth's suit?
Do you want a man's suit?
Do you want a real cheap suit?
Do you want a good heavy suit?
Do you want a Dress suit?
Do you want a fine suit?
Do you want any kind of a suit?
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a coarse boot?
Do you want a fine boot?
Do you want a dress boot?
Do you want a working boot?
Do you want a child's boot?
Do you want a boy's boot?
Do you want a youth's boot?
Come and buy of us.

Lyon & Co.

Do you want a flannel shirt?
A cloth shirt?
A well-made shirt?
A good fitting shirt?
Come and buy of us.

LYON & CO.

dec5 1y

The South Penn Case.

PITTSBURG, October 18.—The supreme court in the South Penn railroad case handed down a per-curiam affirming the decision of the Dauphin county court and ordering the appellants to pay the costs.

The decision of the supreme court in the case of the appeals of the Pennsylvania railroad company and the corporations leased and controlled by it involves the question of the construction of a competing line between Pittsburg and the seaboard. The South Penn road was projected by a syndicate composed of the Vanderbilts and other capitalists, and after some considerable work had been done the controlling interest was transferred by the Vanderbilts to the Pennsylvania company. Attorney-General Cassidy, of Pennsylvania, on suggestion of a minority of the syndicate, applied for and obtained an injunction from the Dauphin county court forbidding a transfer of the stock to the Pennsylvania railroad company, claiming that the purchase was unconstitutional and intended to destroy a competing corporation. An appeal was taken from the decision, but the supreme court affirmed the position of the lower court and directed the appellants to pay the costs. It is now probable that the South Penn will be pushed forward to completion.

Pinkerton Men Shoot.

CHICAGO, October 19.—Shortly after noon a special train was made up at the stock yards to take the discharged Pinkerton men back to Chicago, it having been decided to dispense with the services of 300 of them to-day. As the men marched into the cars they were greeted with yells of derision by the crowds of strikers and their sympathizers that surrounded the tracks. As the train started the crowd yelled and groaned and threw stones at the cars. The same scene was repeated at Fortieth street, were the crowd was large and abusive.

At this point one of the Pinkerton men, exasperated by the jeers, pushed his Winchester rifle through the window and fired into the crowd. His shot struck Dennis Bagley, well-to do teamster of the town of Lake, and it is believed that he is fatally wounded. The crowd made a desperate rush for the train, which however started off at a high rate of speed, and soon reached Chicago.

Another train load of Pinkerton men will start down from the yards some time this afternoon, and serious trouble is feared, as the crowds are furious at the shooting and vow vengeance. It is said that a large number of the strikers are dissatisfied at the order of the executive committee sending them back to work, and that they are holding a secret meeting to discuss the situation. A report of the shooting was immediately sent to the Chicago authorities, and upon the arrival of the train here the entire lot of Pinkerton men, together with some forty non-union workmen who were also on the train, were arrested, and they are all now locked up in the Harrison street station.

This afternoon William Pinkerton went to the armory and asked all of his men who did the shooting to step forward. Four men—Robert J. Bartram, R. D. Loomis. Guy Seivers and Emmons Shaw—admitted having fired off their rifles. Three boys who were at the scene of the shooting also went to the station. They identified two Pinkerton men named Joseph Hill and Walter Andrews, as having done some shooting, and these two, with the four who had admitted their guilt, were locked up, the other Pinkerton men being set free. The imprisoned Pinkerton men said concerning the shooting that they left the yard on their way to the city in the company of about forty non-union men who had quit work. The latter were in the car ahead of the officers. Stones in great numbers were thrown into the cars and some of the men were hit. This onslaught so enraged them that they leveled their rifles and fired about ten shots. Terry, Begley and an unknown man were mortally wounded.

Rapid Bicycling.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 19.—S. G. Whittaker to-day in the bycicle race against time did 100 miles in 6 hours and 1 minute and 15 seconds, twenty-five minutes ahead of the world's record and over 1 minute ahead of the track record for this distance, made at Springfield, Mass., by Ives, of Meriden, Conn. Two hundred miles were done in 15 hours and 30 seconds. He stopped in 23 hours, 46 minutes and 16¾ seconds, 41 miles ahead of the best previous 24 hour record.

Jake Sharp Arrested.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Police Inspector Byrnes this morning arrested "Jake" Sharp, of Broadway railroad notoriety, at his home on West Twenty-third street, on a bench warrant issued an indictment found against him by the grand jury for bribing the "boodle" aldermen to vote for the Broadway railroad franchise. James Richmond, president of the Broadway railroad, was also taken into custody at the Brevoort house this morning by the inspector, charged with the same offense.

Both prisoners were conveyed to police headquarters, and at 10 a. m were taken to the district attorney's office and arraigned in court to plead the indictments. Shortly before noon James W. Fosbay, ex-president of the Broadway railroad, another of the parties indicted by the grand jury for giving bribes to the "boodle" alderman, was also arrested by Police Inspector Byrnes and taken to the district attorney's office.

Fell Fifty Feet.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The cage in which the workmen in one of the shafts of the new aqueduct, at Tenth avenue and One Hundred and Seventy-sixth street, are borne to and fro from their work, fell this morning as six men were ascending in it. One, Thomas Burke, was killed, and three others badly injured. When near the top of the shaft, the rope that held the cargo broke and it went down with a crash, fifty feet below. Burke was taken from the wreck mangled and dead and the others were dragged out terribly injured. The injured were taken to the hospital.

Active Volcanoes.

PANAMA, Oct. 19.—The volcano of Tungurgua, in the Republic of Ecuador, is continuously in activity. Lava pours from it at short intervals, and white clouds of dust and ashes envelop the summit. The villagers in the north and south have experienced a good deal of suffering.

The Ubinas volcano, in the south of Peru, is showing signs of activity. Although smoke has been issuing from the volcano since the days of Columbus, still the inhabitants of the locality are alarmed at the increase in the volnme of it now.

Edmunds Re-Elected.

MONTPELIER, Vt., October 19.—In the Vermont legislature to day the Senate gave Edmunds 29 votes for United States senator and W. H. Bingham 1 vote. The house stood—Edmunds, 199; Bingham, 27; William C. Massey, 8.

A New Railroad Chartered.

HARRISBURG, October 18.—A charter was granted at the state department today to the Bellefonte Eastern railroad company with a capital stock of one million dollars. The line will extend from Milton to Bellefonte, a distance of fifty miles.

Briefs.

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—The Countess Von Arnim, the insane wife of Count Von Arnim, recently fled from a private asylum in which she had been confined to the Black Forest. No trace of the unfortunate woman could be found until yesterday, when her body was found floating in the Marg river.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The marquis of Ailesbury (Sir Ernest Augustus Charles Brudenell Bruce), privy councillor, is dead. He was born on the 8th of January, 1811. He was vice chancellor to the queen from 1841 to 1846 and again in 1852 to 1858.

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—Reliable private advices from Baden affirm that the bulletins reporting Emperor William as being in good health are positively untrue. According to these advices the emperor is subject to daily attacks of syncope and prolonged drowsiness and recently was in a semi-comatose condition for twenty hours from which the doctors were unable to rouse him. His condition is aggravated. It is feared that it will be impossible, with the utmost care to preserve his life more than a few months longer.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa., October 18, 1886:

Mrs A J Ackerman, J H Currin-2, John Hayes, Mrs Sarah Leektee, Albert Long, J C Parker, Mrs Lizzie Smith, John Terry, Mrs Mary Walter, Mrs Lizzie Walker.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—Young folks, we believe that All Hallow 'Een does not occur until the 30th of this month. Some of you evidently believe that Tuesday night, the 19th, was the time. Quite a quantity of corn was found scattered over the pavements this morning. It would be well for you to save the corn until the real date of All Hallow 'Een else when that time comes you may not have any.

—The remains of the late William C. Miller, who died in Altoona Monday evening, were brought to this place and the funeral services will occur from the residence of his son, Mr. Charles Miller, at 10 o'clock this (Thursday) morning. Mr. Charles Miller's residence is located on the island in Logan Branch creek below Reynolds' mill.

—Mrs. Sarah Putt, wife of Levi Putt, who lives at Saxton, Bedford county, was shot Tuesday by her son. The accident was accidental, although it was done while the mother and son were struggling for the possession of the revolver, she desiring to keep the weapon from him.

—We are informed that there are some deplorably poor Democratic meetings in some parts of the country. At Ripka school house there were four speakers and only six auditors, and many others of a similar kind are reported.

—The insurance on the burned glass works property has been satisfactorily adjusted and the debris is not being cleared away preparatory to rebuilding. The new factory will have double the capacity of the one destroyed.

—Adams' Express agency here received a quantity of lake trout Tuesday, sent to an address that could not be found in Bellefonte. As the goods could not be delivered they were disposed of at 10 cents per pound.

—Mrs. Bradley, the temperance evangelist, departed on Tuesday evening to attend the National convention of the W. C. T. U. in Minneapolis, Minn. She expects to remain in Minnesota during the next month.

—Forepaugh's canvasman, who was taken to Philipsburg on the charge of having seriously injured a citizen of that place, has been released, there not being sufficient evidence to identify him as the offender.

—Mr. David Noll, formerly of Pleasant Gap, became a resident of Bellefonte several weeks ago and is living in one of the row of brick residences on the west side of Spring street, north of High.

—There were rumors Wednesday that a murder had been committed by a man named Delige in Philipsburg, his victim being named Bard. We have received no confirmation of the reported tragedy.

SPECIAL MENTION.

—Messrs. Malin and Emery rode from Tyrone to Altoona on the Blaine train on Tuesday and Mr. Malin had quite an extended chat with the Plumed Knight Of course, he was delighted with Mr. Blaine, as all seem to be who meet him The meeting in Tyrone and also the one in Altoona were immense demonstrations. Votes are now being made for the Republican ticket by the thousand, Blaine's brief addresses presenting the real facts so powerfully as to convince all who are unprejudiced.

Typhoid, Scarlet, and Yellow Fevers, Measles, Diphtheria, Small-pox, Cholera, &c.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid will destroy infections of all fevers and all contagious and infectious diseases. Will keep the atmosphere of any sick-room pure and wholesome, absorbing and destroying unhealthy effluvia and contagion resulting therefrom. Will neutralize any bad smell whatever, not by disguising it but destroying it.

Use Darbys Prophylatic Fluid in every sick-room.

—There will be a lawn tennis tournament at State College next Saturday, to continue all day. The tournament will be open to all parties in the county and will be for the championship of Centre county.

Fall and Winter season of 1886-87. Full line of Woolens of every *description, style and color.* Leave your order now.

MONTGOMERY & Co.,
Tailors.

—A festival will be held by the W. C. T. U. of this place on Wednesday, October 27th, date of the Blaine demonstration. The place will be announced hereafter.

Thousands of cases of Consumption are cured every year by Acker's celebrated English Remedy. It is a guaranted preparation; if it does not help you it will cost you nothing. Try it. A single dose will show its good effect. Trial bottles 10 cts.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeny, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte.

Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c.
WALTER W. BAYARD.

—Until after the election the Good Templar Lodge will meet on Monday evenings.

ITCH, PRAIRIE MANGE, and SCRATCHES of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by WOOLFORD'S SANITARY LOTION. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by F. POTTS GREEN, Druggist, Bellefonte. 39 3m

—This weather is glorious.

"100 Doses One Dollar" is true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it is an unanswerable argument as to strength and economy.

SALE REGISTER.

SATURDAY, OCT. 30.—At the residence of Nelson Askey, one mile south of Howard, Saturday, Oct. 30 at 10 o'clock a. m., land, farm stock and implements, buggy, sleigh, grain and household furniture.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 20, 1886.

Red Wheat, new, per bushel	$ 75
Mixed Wheat new	70
Buckwheat	40
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	45
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	25
Cloverseed, fair to good	$7 00
do prime to extra prime	7 50
do choice	8 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00
Flour, wholesale	4 25
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10 00
Nova Scotia plaster	8 55

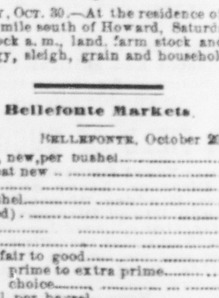
Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	12
Dried currants, per lb	10
New raisins, per lb	12½
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12
Country Bacon	8
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	26
New Potatoes, per bushel	40
Dried beef	20
Canned Beef per pound	25
Country side, per lb	8
Canned tomatoes per can	12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½
Lemons per doz	40—50
Dried sweet corn per pound	10
Apple butter, per gal	50
Roller flour, per sack	1 25
Tomatoes, per bus	40
Apples "	40

Miscellaneous.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 18 17 1y

A Beaver Meeting at Loveville.

On Friday evening a most enthusiastic demonstration was held in the City Hall at Loveville, under the auspices of the representative Beaver men of that place. Chief of Police J. Ebbs was present, but could not scare the boys enough to keep them from cheering for Beaver. The meeting was called to order by Chief Burgess Cole, who, after making an enthusiastic speech for Beaver, nominated R. W. Rumberger for chairman, and he was unanimously elected. Frank Rider was elected secretary.

Mr. Dale, of Bellefonte, was then introduced, and was received with cheers. The chief of police jumped to his feet and as the men thought that he, too, was going to deliver a speech for Beaver, the audience cheered so loud that several old dyed-in-the-wool Democrats were converted at once. Quiet was again restored and Mr. Dale proceeded. Speaking of the attacks made by the Democratic and Prohibition parties on the character of Gen. James A. Beaver, he defended him eloquently. Of the temperance question he said that it was of vital importance and that the cause of sobriety and good government has not a better friend than General Beaver. He said that ever since he knew General Beaver it was as a Christain man, one whose dealings with other men have always been just; a man who would not in any way take advantage of another. Gen. Beaver is not a believer in the doctrine of high license, but he believes that the only way to protect the country from this terrible curse is to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating beverages, and that can be done only by submitting the question to the people. They are to decide whether or not the business shall be suppressed. The Republican State platform plainly indicates that policy. When General Beaver is our Governor the truth of this will be known, and the Democrats and Prohibitionists will learn that their assertion that the submission plank is merely to catch votes is a base slander. Then they will regret that they were ever so unwise as to say aught against a party which has accomplished all true moral reform. [Cheers.]

Mr. Reeder was introduced amid tremendous applause. Chief Burgess Cole, thinking that he would do the applause in fancy style, yelled down his coat sleeve, "Hurrah for Beaver!" Quiet once again being restored, Mr. Reeder explained that the duty of intelligent voters is to think carefully before they cast their votes—to decide what policy will produce the greatest good to the greatest number. The Democratic party caused, or at least was the underlying cause of the great civil war. It is the party which advocates cheap labor, no tariff and English rule. In speaking of the tariff of 1870, he asserted that by the passage of that tariff bill the sum of $2,250,000 was kept in our country and paid to our own laborers. This money would have been paid to English manufacturers if Free Trade had been the policy of the country. The articles we use should be made here instead of being purchased from European countries. The Republican party is not the one that advocates pauperism and convict labor, but it teaches that laborers should be paid liberal wages. He said that it is the duty of Republicans to vote the straight Republican ticket, and not to trade or vote with a Mugwump. We won't, you can bet.

Time will not allow us to write any more. We expect our candidates to be elected

By such an overwhelming majority
That the Centre county Democratic party
Will be struck with such a political pain
That they never no never, will survive again.

SECRETARY.

Blaine's Tour.

The tour of James G. Blaine through Pennsylvania is acknowledged to be the greatest political event of the season. No other man could come into Pennsylvania and create such a general popular enthusiasm. Blaine always does things well, and it was exceedingly appropriate for him to come to Pennsylvania just at this time. Unlike so many eminent politicians, it is not his nature to remain away from a place when he can be of use. It is just this in Mr. Blaine, together with his intense patriotism, mental vigor and progressiveness which make him so wonderfully popular. In his speeches the issues are always directly and sharply drawn. No one can mistake his meaning or fail to see on which side of the question their interest depends. Hence, he has the largest following of any single individual in the country and so long as his mental vigor is so great it will continue with him. These facts some of his rivals were slow to acknowledge, but he is so rapidly outstripping all rivals that all Republicans, and Democrats, too, will come to acknowledge his positive strength and make him the Presidential candidate of a united and harmonious party.

Selecting a Horse.

A "professor of horse training," who has shown great skill in subduing and breaking the most obdurate animals, gives the following advice: "The question may arise, for steady hard work at moderate speed, will not a heavy-framed, strong-muscle animal, with slight intelligence, like the mule, return more work for the food than the one with the higher mental faculties and more actives nerves? Is not there a waste of force, of the power desired, from the nutrimen consumed, in the horse with a high developed nervous constitution? Mr. Gleason advises to never select a horse having long ears lined inside with long straight hair. Do not buy one that is narrow between the ears and between the eyes; or that has flat, round eyes, in sunken orbits, and whose nostrils are short and thick; for he will certainly prove a beast of small intelligence, hard to teach, incapable of remembering and liable to be obstinate, just as stupid persons are. And do not buy the horse that is narrow at the top of the head, bulging between the eyes, and has a sunken dish-like face between them; for he is sure to be vicious and treacherous. But take the horse that has short ears, with short curly hair inside of them; that is broad between the ears and eyes, with a regular straight face and large thin nostrils; for in him you will find an intelligent, spirited, yet willing servant and faithful friend, if treated rightly.

Gleanings.

No stone should be left unturned to counteract the great sin of intemperance. —*Dean Stanley.*

You may go far in the temperance reform by moral suasion, but it has failed in removing the evil and from the nature of the case, must always fail, just as anything else would, while the State throws its protecting shild over the traffic; and while there are men who will take advantage of such protection and resist your arguments, and soothe their consciences in the plea that what they do is *legal.—Rev. Albert Barnes.*

"Shall the throne of iniquity have fellowship with thee, which frameth mischief by a law?" A law framed to protect evil is a method of framing mischief by a law. A law which assumes that a thing is wrong, and yet tolerates it; which attempts only to check and regulate it, without utterly prohibiting it; which aims to derive a revenue from it for the purpose of government; which makes that which is morally wrong legal, is one of those things in human affairs with which the throne of God can have no fellowship. —*Rev. Albert Barnes.*

The necessity of *some* law to prevent the evils of intemperance is universally admitted. There have been laws in England, intended for this purpose for centuries; and we have always had such laws in this country.... The laws should allow the sale for purposes just coextensive with the proper use and for no other. When *moderate drinking* was thought to be the proper rule of *use, moderate and careful selling* was thought to be secured by the license laws. And when the rule of duty in regard to *the use* of liquors was fixed at *entire abstinence* except for medical and mechanical purposes, the proper rule of law in regard to *the sale* of liquors became, by a logical necessity, that of *entire prohibition*, except for such purposes.—*Hon. Woodbury Davis, Judge of the Supreme Court of Maine.*

All Sorts.

The Servians wanted a railroad to the Lower Danube, so the first thing they did was to capture the pass.

"He is utterly unscrupulous," writes an Irish editor of a political opponent; "and his memory is so poor that he frequently forgets one minute what he says the next."

A New York detective has discovered that it's all bosh that murderers can't sleep. When you get him on the subject of sleep a detective is thoroughly at home.

"Come here, Walter, and let me shave you, too," said Uncle Alfred, who was tonsorially employed, to his five-year-old nephew. "No," was the prompt reply; "my whisters ain't ripe yet."

The spectacle of a little man under a hat too big for him is only ludicrous, but the sight of a young country like Canada laboring under a debt of nearly $300,000,000 is too serious to be amusing.

"Do you think you could carve the turkey, Mr. O'Dynamite?" said the landlady to her new boarder. "Well, I should blush to hesitate. Why, I was one of the men who helped to blow up Hell Gate."

"I have been unfortunate in love matters," said a well-known bass singer at the opera the other day. "My first sweetheart entered a convent, death robbed me of my second, and the third—is my wife."

"How is this, doctor; you charge me five francs a visit?" "It is less than I charge anybody else." "That may be so, but then, you forget that it was I who introduced the small-pox into the neighborhood."

—The incorporators of the Bellefonte Eastern Railroad company do not live in this county, they are W F. Shay and J. I. Higbee, of Watsontown; and C. A. Godcharles, T. S. Moorhead, H. G. Cohill, D. W. Smith, W. B. Chamberlain and C. A. Godcharles, Jr., of Milton.

—The 9.32 train on Wednesday morning was well filled with passengers.

—The circulation of the DAILY NEWS steadily increases.

A Favorable View of Prohibition in Iowa.

To the Editor of the Evening Post:

SIR: Conflicting statements as to the success of the prohibitory law in Iowa are constantly afloat. In view of the conflicting interests involved in the maintenance and enforcement of the law, this fact is not at all surprising, but to parties at a distance it conveys a very erroneous idea of the true relation and condition of temperance affairs. The temperance people of Iowa do not regard the law as a failure. It is the policy of its enemies to belittle its workings and advertise its occasional defeats, but it is steadily, if slowly, winning its way to reasonable success. Perfect prohibition is the work of generations who come after us; the restraint thrown around the traffic to-day is but the beginning of the work which shall make this result possible.

It may be stated as a fact that the 'open saloon,' as compared to three years ago, is now practically non-existent, and boys—if no other class—are much better protected from its temptations than ever before. The police reports in all large towns and cities show a remarkable decrease in the number of arrests and disturbances from drinking; the river towns, largely settled by foreigners, show the least degree of improvement, but the popular estimate is that the average is about one-tenth of what it was in the days of the licensed saloon. This is an encouraging feature. During the progress of the State Fair in Des Moines, the remarkable order and sobriety which prevailed was so apparent as to become the subject of extended comment. In Cedar Rapids, a city of 18,000 inhabitants, at the advent of Barnum's circus, when not less than 10,000 people were adrift upon the streets, there was but one arrest for drunkenness. Said Mr. Weston, a member of the extensive firm of railroad builders, Shepher, Weston & Co.: "I am no temperance man, as the term is oftenest used, but I want to say to you that I have reason to be satisfied with a law that kept liquor away from the men in our employ on the road this summer. We never had such a quiet, industrious, and reliable body of men in our employ as those we put to work on the Sibley extension, and I attribute it to the fact that the saloon men did not dare to follow us into Iowa. I want to say further that if prohibition comes up in our State (Minnesota), I'm going to vote for it—on strictly business principles, you understand." This is the voluntary evidence of one who is avowedly not a temperance man in the common acceptation of that term. Added to this testimony, and much more of the same kind which might readily be given, is the fact that several brewers have left the State to engage in business at a great personal loss, some of them departing without permission of the authorities, all of which would be unnecessary if the prohibitory law was no restraint upon their operations. One Iowa brewer, who moved to Wisconsin and prepared to open a brewery, in signing his lease stipulated that in the event of prohibition becoming a law in that State, the "agreement should be null and void" thus paving the way for escape from the restrictions which a prohibitory law would entail upon his business. The recent brutal and cold-blooded murder of the Rev. Mr. Haddock at Sioux City has given a remarkable impetus to the work of enforcement. An interest and a party which employs assassins and uses murder as a means to an end is not to be tolerated in a civilized Christian country, and the renewed determination of the friends of temperance is shown in a more rigid enforcement of the law, a closer watch upon its violations, both open and secret, and a speedier adjustment of the penalties when parties are proven guilty.

Prohibition suffers sometimes from the double dealings of its false friends quite as much as from its open enemies. A prominent attorney, who had been retained by the Law and Order League of a large city, is reported as having sold out to the saloonists; judges, for a private fee from the same source, are said to have suffered moral blindness to the cause of justice and ruled in favor of the same parties. Of course, such action brings temporary defeat, but it is no fault of the statute; it is a condition of affairs which will exist with reference to all matters of reform so long as human nature approximates no nearer the divine than it does at present. It does not incline the Prohibitionists to give up the struggle. The Pharmacists' Law is also exercising its share of wholesome restraint upon this evil habit. Parties who would frequently indulge if no exposure followed, now refrain because they do not like to see their names appear so often "upon the list," and a man may better do a good deed from an unworthy motive than not to do it at all.

A great deal of argument with reference to the impossibility of legislating people into goodness, or visa versa, is used, but Prohibitionists are agreed upon the theory that compulsory obedience to a law that restrains men from moral and physical degredation, protects homes, and rescues unnumbered children from pauperism and crime, is far better than flagrant disobedience and unquestioned indulgence of personal liberty. Consequently, while the prohibitionists are as numerous and as apparent as they are at present, it may as well be understood that the law has come to stay. Its shortcomings and imperfections are gradually working out their own solution, and the future will show even more clearly than the present the wisdom of this much-criticised legislation. L. M. LATHAM.

Marion, Ia., Sept. 30.

Order in the Court.

"Order in the court!" exclaimed the judge of a Montana circuit, as he observed the occupants of the room leaving their seats and crowd around the windows.

"We must have order," he continued. "Mr. Sheriff, see that order is maintained. There must be less confusion or I will order the room cleared."

"The yaller one is getting away with the other," remarked one of the men at the window.

"What's the excitement?" asked the judge.

"A dog fight, your honor," replied a lawyer, as he got up on a chair to look out of a window.

"Mr. Sheriff," said the court, as he moved from his seat in the direction of the crowd, "adjourn court right off."

A GREAT deal of suffering will follow along the path of the great storm of the present week in the Southern States, and it will be necessary for those who escaped harm to contribute for the relief of the distressed. The Mayor of the town of Beaumont, Texas, has already issued an appeal for aid for the stricken people of Sabine Pass, who in a brief time lost their all and are now in dire distress. The number requiring assistance is comparatively small, and if everybody will contribute a trifle at once there will be an abundance for all and further suffering be prevented. The response to Charleston's call for help was prompt and so liberal that every want was supplied, and the authorities sent out word that no more was needed. We hope the same may prove to be the case in this latter instance.

WE have no certain means of knowing whether the reports being circulated as to the peculiar means by which Mr. Shaffer obtained his nomination are correct or not. But one thing is certain. It is better to elect Mr. George M. Boal, about whom not a word of wrong doing is whispered.

"Can't raise much on this land except mortgages, can you?" asked Mr. Smartboy, loitering through his vacation. "Can't raise them worse'n anything else," replied the honest farmer. "Leastwise there's one on this farm I ben tryin' to raise fur seven years an' I can't hoist it a foot."

WITH her Nihilists escaping from Siberia and her supposed Bulgarian proteges standing up and declaring that they won't have it in that way. Russia's path to peaceful absolutism seems to be both barricaded and undermined.

IT is very encouraging when Democrats can temporarily forget party and unite in the election of good men. That is what they will do this year when they vote for Love, Mattern and Boal.

—Plastering is now in progress on the inside of J. H. Sands' new residence on Allegheny street.

Medical.

PURE BLOOD IS THE ABSOLUTE NECESSITY OF HEALTH.

THE marvellous results of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA upon all humors and low conditions of the blood (as proven by the cures effected) prove it the best BLOOD MEDICINE. Such has been the success of this article at home that nearly every family in whole neighborhoods have been taking it at the same time. It eradicates scrofula, vitalizes and enriches the blood, thereby restoring and renovating the whole system. Hood's SARSAPARILLA purifies the blood. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures dyspepsia. Hood's SARSAPARILLA cures biliousness. A peculiar point in Hood's SARSAPARILLA is that it builds up and strengthens the system, while it eradicates disease, and as nature's great assistant proves itself invaluable as a protection from diseases that originate in changes of the seasons, of climate and of life.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

SCROFULA.

135 HOWARD STREET,
LOWELL, MASS., Jan. 17.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—I have used HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA in my family for scrofulous humor with wonderful success, and am happy to tell you that it is the best medicine we ever used. I do sincerely advise any one who is troubled with scrofula to give this valuable remedy a trial, and assure them they will not be disappointed. Very truly yours,
(Coburn Shuttle Co.) C. C. PICKERING.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA is sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

New Advertisements.

A REMARKABLE OFFER!!!

PHILADELPHIA PRESS FREE!!!

To anyone who will SUBSCRIBE for the

"Bellefonte Republican"

FOR ONE YEAR, sending us two dollars in advance, we will present them with the PHILADELPHIA WEEKLY PRESS for ONE YEAR FREE.

THE "PRESS"

is one of THE BEST papers in the State, and this offer presents the

VERY BEST OPPORTUNITY

ever offered by any Centre county paper. An important campaign is coming on and it is our desire that the Republicans of this county shall have every opportunity to know all that is transpiring, and from the best sources. The PRESS will be

STAUNCHLY REPUBLICAN
UNDER — ALL — CIRCUMSTANCES,

abiding by, and earnestly supporting the action of the Republican Convention (State and National). We have this assurance from the publishers.

To our OLD SUBSCRIBERS who will

PAY UP ALL ARREARAGES,

—AND—

ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE,

we will also send the two papers. But

All Arrearages must be Paid

UP TO THE VERY DAY THE TWO PAPERS ARE TO BE SENT.

All Republicans in Centre County should avail themselves of the advantages of this offer.

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Publisher of "REPUBLICAN."

THE West India cyclone, which moved into the gulf, developed extraordinary violence. The low alluvial lands of the Mississippi delta were overrun with the sea with great destruction of crops and loss of live stock. The route of the storm after leaving the gulf was northward, up the Mississippi valley, and tidings of wreck and losses come from many points.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Isaac Way, deceased, late of Half Moon, Centre county, havin been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having demands against the same are requested to present them, without delay, duly authenticated for payment. WILLIAM R. WAY, Executor.
Half Moon, Oct. 1, 1886. 18 40 6t

SNYDER SISTERS

have just returned from Philadelphia with a large line of millinery. Opening October 14th. All are requested to call and examine goods.
18 40 4tw & 0S 1wd

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—Notice is hereby given to such tax-payers of Spring township, as are in arrears for School taxes for 1885, that they are expected to pay it at once. If not paid before the 1st of January, 1887, it will be collected as the law directs. J. A. HAZEL,
18 42 3t Treasurer.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, J. Miles Walker, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1886,

for the purpose of electing one person for Governor.
One person for Lieutenant Governor.
One person for Auditor General.
One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs.
One person for Congressman-at-Large.
One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
Two persons for State Assembly.
One person for Prothonatary for the county of Centre.
One person for District Attorney for the county of Centre.
One person for Surveyor for the county of Centre.

I also make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.
For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg.
For the township of Gregg (northern precinct) at Murray's school house.
For the township of Gregg (southern precinct) at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher, Penn Hall.
For the borough of Centre Hall at the public school house in said borough.
For the township of Halfmoon at the school house in Stormstown.
For the township of Taylor at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.
For the township of Miles at the school house in the town of Rebersburg.
For the township of Potter (northern precinct) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.
For the township of Potter (southern Precinct) at the house owned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman.
For the township of College at the school house in Lemont.
For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) in the school house at Pine Grove.
For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house in Baileyville.
For the township of Harris in the school house at Boalsburg.
For the township of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.
For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.
For the township of Walker in the school house at Hublersburg.
For the township of Howard at the school house in said borough.
For the borough of Howard at the public school house in said borough.
For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the public house at Cold Stream.
For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton.
For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the public school house in the village of Snow Shoe.
For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at public school house in the village of Moshannon.
For the township of Marion at the house of Joel Kling, Jacksonville.
For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.
For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at public school house, known as Walker school house.
For the township of Boggs (southern precinct) at public school house in Central City.
For the township of Huston at the Silver Dale school house.
For the township of Penn at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn.
For the borough of Millheim at the school house opposite the Evangelical Church in said place.
For the township of Liberty at the school house in Eagleville.
For the township of Worth at the school house in Port Matilda.
For the township of Burnside at the house of J. K. Boak.
For the township of Curtin at the school house near Robert Mann's.
For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union at the new school house in Unionville.
For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg at the large public school house.
For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the small public school house.

NOTICE is hereby given "That every person executing the office or justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, or of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, Judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following Act of Assembly approved the 12th day of March, 1885: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and shall be labeled "Township," one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-six, and in the 110th year of the independence of the United States.

J. MILES WALKER,
18 41 Sheriff of Centre County.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Important Session of the Knights' Convention.

RICHMOND, Av., October 13.—Mr Powderly to-day made his appearance at the room where he has been giving out information for the press, so much more promptly after this morning's session, and there was such an atmosphere of pleasantry about his manner that he was asked what had happened. "I have been re elected" was his reply His announcement was hailed with delight by the correspondents and other writers present, it being taken as indicative of more attention from the general master workman, and possibly a more liberal flow of news Mr. Powderly very briefly related the proceedings of this morning.

The early part of the session was consumed in the adoption of amendments to the constitution, and a great deal of work was accomplished. Finally a motion prevailed that the rules be suspended with a view to proceeding with the election of officers. It requires a two thirds vote to do this, and the roll had to be called. As there were six hundred and twelve delegates present, the procedure was slow. When finally the call was completed, and the rules suspended, Grand Master Workman Powderly and General Worthy Foreman Griffiths were re-elected without opposition, and the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

The nomination this morning of T. V. Powderly for general master workman was made by E. F. Gould, of Indianapolis, and seconded by Tom O'Reilly, of New York, both of whom are telegraphers. When the nomination and election of general master workman was declared in order, Mr. Powderly vacated the chair, General Worthy Foreman Griffith taking his place. More than one hundred delegates shouted: "Have the election made by acclamation." When Mr. Griffith put the question, there was a storm of "ayes." When the "noes" were called for, there was one solitary "no." It came from Henry Beckmyer, who heads the delegation from district assembly 51, of New Jersey. This delegation wears a yellow badge with the motto, "Solid for Harmony." There was no candidate placed in nomination in opposition to Powderly and he received the votes of the 647 delegates present. When Mr. Griffith was nominated for re-election for general worthy foreman, the only candidate nominated in opposition was R. Bennett, of Illinois Bennett received only fifty votes and Griffith's election was made unanimous.

At the afternoon session it was decided to divide the offices of general secretary and treasurer. Chas. H. Litchman, of Marblehead, Mass., was placed in nomination for the office of secretary by James Campbell, of Pittsburg. The only candidate nominated in opposition was Joseph Buchanan, of Denver, Col. Litchman was elected by more than 130 majority. Frederick Turner, the present general secretary-treasurer, was nominated for general treasurer and the only candidate nominated in opposition was H Beckmyer, of New Jersey. Turner was elected by more than 200 majority.

Yellow Fever on Board.

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.—The British consul aided by two British ship masters, has completed the investigation of the matter of the bark Montreal and her rescue by Captain Suttalora. The latter has entered suit in the United States court for salvage, claiming that he helped the bark off the reefs, took her to Campeche, had her repaired, placed a new crew on board and brought her to New Orleans. The bark's crew had a terrible experience. She was a floating pest house from the day she left Colon. There was yellow fever on board. One by one the crew died, and the bodies were thrown overboard Finally there were only two men left who could do any work. The ship was reeking with pestilence. When there was hardly any one left to man the vessel a hurricane swept the bark before it. Her sails were torn away and every moment brought some new danger. The men had lost their bearings and could only guess whither the wind had taken them. Finally the vessel went aground on a reef The wind subsided and there was evidence of the proximity of land, yet not one of the men deserted the craft

All the time the vessel was aground the fore lower topsail and fore topmast stay sail were kept set, and at 4 o'clock on the morning of August 24 the ship went off the ground. No one boarded the bark until next day, when two physicians, the port captain, Captain Suttalora, and some men came on board. The clothing of the dead men were thrown overboard and the ship was fumigated. The bark was taken to Campeche in charge of Suttalora. This was the 25th. No ballast was taken out The weather was clear and the boat took no water. Clark put the ship in the hands of Captain Suttalora. Clarke and some of the men are now in the hospital very weak.

The decision of the consul's court was that the bark had not been abandoned, and that the sick and dying men on board remained by to save her, though they had opportunity to go ashore. They recommend that the underwriters, in answering the case, bear in mind the gallantry and self-sacrifice of the sailors.

Destructive Floods.

BEAUMONT, TEX., October 14.—This town is in a state of excitement over the news received from Sabine Pass. The wires were all down and the news of the terrible loss of life and destruction of property by high water was obtained from citizens of Sabine Pass who arrived here on an engine. The waters began to invade the town from the gulf and the lake together, about 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and rose with unprecedented rapidity. Houses began to yield and the water not only moved them, but turned them over on their sides and tops. Following is the list of persons drowned: Miss Mohala Chambers Jim Vondy and family of six, the wife of Otto Brown and two children, Homer King, wife and child, Mrs. Junker and son, Mrs. Pomeroy and family of five, Mrs. Stewart, daughter and son, a man by the name of Wilson, Mrs. Arthur McReynolds, Mrs. McDonald, daughter and grandson, Frank Madigan and family, Columbus Martin and family and about twenty-five colored persons whose names could not be learned.

The above list comprises over fifty human victims of the storm Among them are some of the leading families of the place. There are others, and doubtless many of them drowned, without any one living knowing anything of it. It is feared that whole families in different places have been swept away without leaving a vestige of their fate It is said that the situation during the latter part of the afternoon beggared description. The manifestations of agony by people looking face to face at death and realizing that there was no escape, the dying cries of women audible but rendered almost noiseless by the roar of the mad sea, the hoarse voice of pallid men trying to save those near to them, all combined made a scene too horrible to be described. The damage to property is very great. A relief party has left here or the scene of the disaster.

The Knights at Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., October 14.—At the morning session of the Knights of Labor convention it was decided to elect a chairman and a secretary and have assistants in each of the Southern States. Immediately after the general assembly was called to order at 9 o'clock this morning the work of the balloting for members of the executive board began. There are six members of the board to be elected; the general master workman, the general secretary and general treasurer are ex-officio members of the executive board.

The entire morning session was consumed in balloting for members of the general executive board. The vote stood as follows: Thomas B. Barry 304, John W. Hays 284. Barry was elected on that ballot Second ballot, John W. Hays 334, A. A. Carlton 114. Hays elected. Third ballot, William H. Bailey 307, A. A. Carlton 176. Bailey elected. A recess was taken at 12 o'clock until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when balloting for the remaining three members of the board was begun.

The remaining ballots resulted in the election of A. A Carlton, T. B. McGuire and Ira Haylesworth. There was a preliminary ballot for the election of two members of the general co-operation board to fill the places of the two retiring members, and the assembly then adjourned until to-morrow, when the election of general officers will be concluded.

Loss of Life at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 15.—The gale which visited Buffalo last night did a vast amount of damage. For a time the wind reached a velocity of seventy miles an hour. On the lake front, in the vicinity of what is known as the sea wall, forty small houses were totally destroyed by wind and water and their occupants had to fly for their lives. Several persons are known to have perished, among them a sailor named Charles Mitchell and an old man named John Edmunds. The bodies of two children were recovered this morning, and also two bodies which are unknown at present, on the Hamburg turnpike near the city. Two or three hundred families have been rendered destitute, and an appeal for aid has been issued.

Throughout the city many buildings were damaged. The most serious damage was sustained by the splendid new music hall in course of erection. A large section of the rear wall, which was ready for the roof, was blown down, falling with a terrible crash and shaking houses in the vicinity like an earthquake. The damage to the building is estimated at $12,000 Work on the structure will be greatly delayed. Mrs. Roberts' saloon and boarding house, on the turnpike road, was carried about five hundred feet, and the family was rescued from the building by the police. The officers also found a family named Quinn up in a tree, their house having been demolished Their hired man, named John Edmunds, who could not climb the tree, was drowned. Another house on the turnpike was carried away and the family are missing.

A Day With the Knights.

RICHMOND, Va., October 15.—There was a business about the delegates to the Knights of Labor convention as they assembled this morning that has not been seen at any time during the session here. Every one expressed himself or herself as determined to buckle down to work, and throwing aside all contentions do what is to be done, and do it quickly. There is still a great deal of business before the convention, and it is probably that more will be accomplished to-day and to-morrow than during the ten days already consumed.

Among the reports represented is that of the committee on the state of the order, of which Ralph Beaumont is chairman. This report endorses the report of the committee on legislation, of which Beaumont is also chairman, and recommends that the supplementary report of the same committee, in which a plan for a congress composed of representatives of the Knights of Labor be established at Washington, be sent out to all the local assemblies for their approval. Mr. Baeumont is daily in receipt of letters both from Knights of Labor and others commending his idea. The committee on the state of the order also endorses the general master workman's address to the assembly and recommends the endorsement of the report of Charles H. Litchman, special agent appointed by the general master workman to represent the order before the congressional committee appointed to investigate the cause and effect of the Southwestern railroad strikes.

Fatal Fall of a Scaffold.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 13.—The scaffold at the new building of the Allegheny County Electric Light company on Virgin alley fell this afternoon, precipitating five men to the ground, a distance of about fifty feet. All were dangerously hurt and two of them—Alexander Freeman and Cyrus Stewart—received fatal injuries. The others were J. J. Dwyer, Robert Alstore and William Hayes. The men were moving a heavy timber when the accident occurred.

Cleveland, the Mighty Hunter.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from Romney, W. V., says: President Cleveland and party routed a deer this afternoon and it was finally shot by Mr. Bevins, Commissioner Miller's private secretary. The deer was a four-pronged buck and was presented to the president. President Cleveland caught about ten pounds of bass and killed four squirrels and partridges and a duck.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetation remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desires it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block Rochester, N. Y.* 18 11 1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, June 13, 1886

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	4 05
Flemington	9 05	4 09
Mill Hall	9 09	4 12
Beech Creek	9 23	4 28
Eagleville f	9 30	4 33
Howard	9 44	4 45
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 53
Curtin	10 01	4 58
Milesburg	10 12	5 07
Bellefonte	10 35	5 20
Milesburg	10 44	5 31
Snow Shoe Int.	10 48	5 38
Unionville	10 58	5 48
Julian	11 09	5 58
Martha	11 19	6 08
Port Matilda	11 27	6 16
Hannah f	11 36	6 23
Fowler f	11 39	6 25
Dix f	11 42	6 27
Bald Eagle	11 48	6 35
Vail	11 53	6 40
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	6 50
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 46	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 46	8 25
Dix f	7 50	8 30
Fowler f	7 54	8 32
Hannah f	7 57	8 36
Port Matilda	8 08	8 43
Martha	8 12	8 51
Julian	8 23	8 59
Unionville	8 33	9 10
Snow Shoe Int.	8 42	9 18
Milesburg	8 48	9 22
Bellefonte	8 58	9 32
Milesburg	9 10	9 47
Curtin	9 20	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 27	10 06
Howard	9 37	10 16
Eagleville f	9 51	10 30
Beech Creek	9 56	10 35
Mill Ha	10 11	10 50
Flemington f	10 15	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 20	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after March 22, 1886

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.20 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.00 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.00 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:00 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:20 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect June 13, 1886.

Dis.	Westward	a.m.	p.m.		Eastward	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
.0		5.50	1.30	MONTANDON		6 30	9.10	5.50
1.5		6.00	1.40	Ar...LEWISBURG...Lv		5.20	9.00	5.35
1 5		6.05	1 45	Lv...LEWISBURG...Ar		.....	9.00	5.35
5.4		6.15	1.55	Biehl f		.....	8.51	5.25
6.8		6.22	2.03	Vicksburg f		.....	8 45	5.18
10.7		6.33	2 16	MIFFLINBURG		.....	8.33	5.05
13 1		6.40	2.24	Barber f		.....	8.26	4.57
1 .2		6.46	2 31	Swengle f		.....	8.20	4.50
16.1		6.48	2 35	Millmont		.....	8 18	4 48
18.6		6.56	2 43	LAURELTON		.....	8.12	4.42
23.5		7.08	2.58	Pardee f		.....	7.58	4.27
24 7		7.12	3.04	Weixer f		.....	7.54	4.22
28 9		7.27	3.17	Cherry Run f		.....	7.45	4.10
32.2		7.35	3.28	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		.....	7.35	4.00
33 9		7.41	3.33	Fowler f		.....	7.32	3.56
36 6		7.49	3.45	Coburn		.....	7.23	3.45
39 6		7.56	3.55	Zerby f		.....	7 15	3.39
43 4		8.10	4.15	Rising Springs		.....	7.06	3.12
46.2		8 19	4 27	Penn's Cave f		.....	6.58	2 59
49.2		8.27	4 40	CENTRE HALL		.....	6.50	2 45
51.6		8.34	4 50	Gregg f		.....	6.43	2.32
54.6		8 45	5.04	Linden Hall		.....	6.36	2.18
56.7		8 52	5.13	OAK HALL		.....	6.30	2.08
58.3		8.56	5.20	LEMONT		.....	6 25	2.00
60.2		9.03	5.27	Dale Summit f		.....	6.20	1.52
63.9		9 14	5.45	Pleasant Gap f		.....	6.09	1.33
65.2		9.19	5.50	Axeman f		.....	6.04	1.25
67.4		9 25	6.00	BELLEFONTE		.....	6.00	1.15

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 1, 1885.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P.M.	Mixed. A.M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 25
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6 13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P.M.	Mixed. A.M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 20	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10.38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after May 31, 1886:

	WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 20 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
" "	Renovo	8 55 a m
" arr at	Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 55 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 45 p m
" "	Renovo	5 10 p m
" "	Kane	9 15 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 20 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 45 p m
"	Williamsport	7 10 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 02 p m
"	Renovo	9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" "	W'm'sp't	10 40 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 32 a m
" arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m
	EASTWARD.	
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L.Haven	7 05 a m
" "	Jer's're	7 35 a m
" "	W'msp't	8 15 a m
" "	arr. at Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
" "	Renovo	10 20 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 25 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 25 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
" "	Renovo	11 00 p m
" "	Lock Haven	11 58 a m
" "	Williamsport	1 25 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
" "	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
RENOVO ACM leaves	Renovo	4 00 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	9 45 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 45 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Five Men Drowned in Lake Michigan.

CLEVELAND, O., October 14.—The propeller Selah Chamberlain, owned by the Bradley heirs, of Cleveland, was run into by a New York Central boat on Lake Michigan, about six miles east of Sheboygan, at midnight. The propeller sank instantly, carrying down four deck hands and the second engineer. The Captain and the rest of the crew managed to reach land or were picked up. The drowned men were from Detroit. The Chamberlain was rebuilt in 1883, and was valued at $60,000. She left Milwaukee yesterday afternoon and was bound for Escanaba for iron. She had the schooner Fayette Brown in tow. Nothing is known of the fate of the New York vessel. The Chamberlain carried a crew of sixteen men.

Sold for Big Money.

JOHNSTOWN, N. J., Oct. 15.—The entire breeding stud of Pierre Lorilliard, consisting of 5 stallions and 78 brood mares, were sold at auction to day. The sales amounted to $142 895. Of the stallions Iroquois brought $20,000. Of the mares Ainsea brought the highest price—$4,700. The prices for the others ranged from $50 to $4 000.

Hewitt Will Wait.

NEW YORK, October 13.—When the Tammany committee appointed to tender the mayoralty nomination to Congressman Hewitt called on that gentleman this afternoon he told them he would give his answer to them after the convention of the county democracy which will meet Thursday night.

Wants to Follow Sam Patch.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., October 14.—Donovan who jumped from the Brooklyn bridge, is here with his backer examining Genessee Falls, where Sam Patch made his celebrated leap to death over fifty years ago. Donovan will erect a platform and attempt the same leap.

Two Barns Burned.

READING, Pa., October 15—Two large barns near Bursonville, Berks county, owned respectively by Aron Deemir and James Lacy, were burned last night. Loss estimated at from $10,000 to $15,000 The fires are supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

They Will Vote To-day.

CHICAGO, October 15—In the Protestant Episcopal convention to-day a motion was adopted providing that a vote be taken upon the proposal to drop the words "Protestant Episcopal" at eleven o'clock to-morrow morning.

A Local Option Victory.

SOMERSET, KY., October 5.—After an exciting contest Local Option was carried here yesterday by 142 majority. When the news went forth church bells of all denominations were rung. Temperance women were congregated in the Baptist church offering prayers for success. When the news of the victory came, they sprang into each other's arms shouting and crying for joy. Every body seems satisfied with the result except the saloonists, who have hitherto had everything their own way.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by WALTER W. BAYARD

Duff's COLLEGE. Pittsburgh Pa.

The oldest and best appointed Institution for obtaining a Business Education. For circulars address P. Duff & Sons. o18 81dAw

HOUSES TO RENT at desirable rates. Apply to H. D. LANDIS. ap 27 d&w tf

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I am now prepared to furnish the celebrated HOOSIER DRILL, and keep on hand all repairs for same. I am also agent for the York Safe and Lock Company Safe, one of the best in the world; and have on hand Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies. Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere and save money. For quality I cannot be beaten and in price will not be undersold for corresponding goods. Call and be convinced. ap 27 d&w tf H. D. LANDIS.

New Furniture Store.

Now open with the most complete stock of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

IN THE COUNTY.

The stock is all new and personally selected from the leading manufacturing centres.

Prices the Very Lowest.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented.

Repairing Promptly Done.

J.C.BRACHBILL,

High Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Near P. R. R. Depot. 18 11tf

Miscellaneous

H.W. JOHNS' PATENT ASBESTOS ROOFING

THIS ROOFING is the perfected form of portable Roofing, manufactured by us for the past twenty-seven years, and is now in use upon roofs of Factories, Foundries, Warehouses, Cotton Gins, Chemical Works, Railroad Bridges, Cars, Steamboat Decks, etc., in all parts of the world.

It is supplied ready for use in rolls containing 200 square feet, and weighs with Asbestos Roof Coatings to finish, only about 85 pounds to 100 square feet.

It is adapted for all climates and can be readily applied by unskilled workmen. Samples and Descriptive Price List free by mail.

H. W. JOHNS MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF

H. W. Johns' Asbestos Fire and Water Proof Sheathing, Building Felt, Steam Packings, Boiler Coverings, Liquid Paints, Roof Paints, Roof Cements, Fire Proof Paints, etc.

87 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

CHICAGO. PHILADELPHIA. LONDON.

CONQUEST OF MEXICO

Prescott's *HISTORY of the CONQUEST of MEXICO.* With a Preliminary View of the Ancient Mexican Civilization, and the Life of the Conqueror, Hernando Cortés. *Illustrated Library Edition,* in two volumes, small octavo. Price, *$2.25. Popular Edition,* two volumes in one, without illustrations, *$1.25. Now ready.*

Copyright. The expiration of copyright enables me now to present this great work to American readers at a popular price, yet in form worthy of the author, and worthy of the finest library. Its mechanical qualities are fairly equal to those of my best edition of "Guizot's History of France."

Whipple, the noted essayist and critic, says: "A history possessing the unity, variety, and interest of a magnificent poem. It deals with a series of facts and exhibits a gallery of characters, which to have invented would place its creator by the side of Homer; and which to realize and represent in the mode Mr. Prescott has done, required a rare degree of historical imagination."

Beyond ALL PRAISE. "This announcement is all that is needed. The work itself long ago passed beyond all praise. The thousands of people who were unable to secure it at former prices will be glad to avail themselves of the opportunity of doing so at a reduced rate."—*Interior*, Chicago, Ill.

"The work itself occupies too high a place among historical writings to need commendation."—*The Mail*, Toronto, Ontario.

Timely. "The enterprising Mr Alden has chosen a most timely occasion for the reissue of this valuable work, and its excellent and convenient library form, its cheapness, and the widespread interest in Mexican matters that exists at present, will doubtless combine to give it an appreciative reception."—*The Week*, Toronto, Ontario.

"The volume before us is a very creditable piece of work mechanically, and puts Prescott's charming histories within the reach of the average pocket book."—*Evangelist*, St. Louis, Mo.

Fascinating. "This history has a fascinating interest, and is so well known as to need no praise."—*Christian Secretary*, Hartford, Conn.

"Especially interesting at this time. Is published in two handsome volumes, and like all Mr. Alden's publications is sold at an astonishingly low price."—*Advertiser*, Detroit, Mich.

A Noble Work; judiciously planned and admirably executed; rich with the spoils of learning easily and gracefully worn; informed everywhere with a conscientious love of the truth, and controlled by that unerring good sense without which genius leads astray with its false lights, and learning encumbers with its heavy panoply. It will win the literary voluptuary to its pages by the attractiveness of its subject and the flowing ease of its style; and the historical student will do honor to the extent and variety of the research which it displays. . . It will take its place among those enduring productions of the human mind which age cannot stale and custom cannot wither.—G. S. HILLARD.

FERDINAND AND ISABELLA. *HISTORY of the REIGN of* Ferdinand and Isabella, the Catholic. By WILLIAM H. PRESCOTT. *Illustrated Library Edition,* in two volumes, small octavo, including portraits and other illustrations. Fine heavy paper, fine cloth, gilt tops. Price, *$2.25. Popular Edition,* from the same plates, but without illustrations, the two volumes in one. Price, *$1.25. Now ready.*

"Prescott had the genius to invest the dry facts of history with the charms of fiction; and yet he never sacrifices truth to the graces of style."—WESTLAKE.

"It is one of the most pleasing as well as most valuable contributions that have been made to modern history; it is the only one that gives us a faithful and sufficient picture of a period so momentous as the latter half of the fifteenth century."—*London Athenæum.*

"One of the finest histories of modern times, written by an author of rare felicity of diction, fervor of imagination, accuracy of statement, and exquisite beauty of style. Every one who reads at all should read Prescott."—*Presbyterian*, Philadelphia, Pa.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of Choice Books, 132 pages, 4 cents; Condensed Catalogue, free. The best literature of the world at the lowest prices ever known. Address,

JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York.

The Alden Book Co.: Clark and Adams Sts., Chicago; 420 Yonge St., Toronto.

Clubs At the office of advertised can Publica- liberal terms, in combination reading is **This PAPER** a copy of the work above be seen, and it or any of Alden's tions may be had on extremely either as *Premiums for Clubs,* or with the paper. "A book worth worth owning." ALDEN has placed the best literature of the world within the reach of every home; send for our attractive terms

1 42 8

NEVER FAILS TO CRUE DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA-MORBUS, COLIC, FLATULENCE, &c

PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS

SURE. PROMPT INFALLIBLE.

TRIAL BOTTLE, 10 CTS. LARGE BOTTLE, 50 CTS.

A SINGLE DOSE AFFORDS IMMEDIATE RELIEF!

DR. W. J. BROWN, of Woodbine, Kentucky, says: "I always prescribe PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, etc. It answers every purpose for which it is put up."

PHILIP COOK, Selma, Kansas, says: "I shall never be without PARKER'S CHOLERA DROPS. They cured me of a case of Colic which had doubled me up with pain."

For sale by [illegible], 48, Bellefonte, Pa.

ROGERS' GRAPOLINE

Is a household name throughout the United States. It is administered as a specific, and with SUCCESS, in

DYSPEPSIA, Sick HEADACHE, Nervous Debility, Liver Complaint, Bilious Remittents, Bowel Complaints (especially CONSTIPATION), Gout, Gravel, RHEUMATISM, Nausea, the complaints peculiar to the maternal sex, and all types of Inflammation.

So mild is it in its operation that it can be given with perfect safety to the feeblest child; and so agreeable is it to the taste, so refreshing to the palate that children never refuse to take it. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

A. H. ROGERS & CO. Canesco, N. Y.

Williamsport Commercial College.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

The largest, best equipped and most thorough institution in the State. Hundreds of graduates occupying good situations. A magnificent building of its own. Terms moderate. Address for terms etc., F. M. ALLEN, Pres't. 18 9 3m.

NEW FRUITS

TRIUMPH GOOSEBERRY very large and very productive. 14 qts from 3 young bushes were raised this summer. $1.25 each. $12 00 per dozen, for plants.

PYLES RED a winter apple, very large, red, of fine appearance, good keeper and bearer; 50 cts each, $5.00 per doz. trees. A large assortment of nursery stock always on hand. Orders for fall shipments booked now. Address GEORGE ACHELIS, West Chester, Pa. 18 42 4t

SALESMEN WANTED!

Energetic, reliable men, to sell the choicest Fruit and ornamental Nursery Stock, on Salary with expenses paid, or on commission as preferred. Steady employment throughout the year. Business quickly learned Send for terms.

GLEN BROTHERS, Nurserymen, 18 39 13t Rochester, N. Y.

FARMS on James River, Va., in Claremont Colony. Illustrated circular free J. F. MANCHA, Claremont, Virginia. 18 42 4t

PERCHERON HORSES.

My recent importation of Percheron horses, together with my present stock of nearly 100 head, make one of the most desirable studs in this country to select from. All stock recorded, with pedigree, in Percheron Stud-Books of France and America. Took 27 prizes and gold medal at last two N. Y. State fairs. Send for Catalogue. Station ENSIGNS, on Southern Central R. R. JOHN W. AKIN, Scipio, N. Y. Box 36. 31 23

PAILS Indestructable, **PERFECT.** Made in one piece from pure wood pulp—not paper—without seam, no hoops, no taste, no smell, CLEAN, LIGHT, STRONG, DURABLE. Invaluable for Kitchen and Dairy use. Manufactured by Oswego Indurated Fibre Co OSWEGO, N. Y. Ask your grocer for them. 18 42 4t

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—Autumn leaves when Winter comes.

—The game of marbles is now engrossing the attention of the boys.

—The wind blew Forepaugh's circus tent to pieces in Williamsport on Thursday.

—Now that the oleomargarine law is settled, there should be a law against selling the rancid butter, which is so very plentiful.

—"After the political battle then for religious revivals!" exclaims the Huntingdon *Monitor*. Oh, no; that's the wrong order. Take your religious revival first; it won't hurt your politics.

—Mrs. Catharine Triester, who lives near Boal's saw mill in Potter township, became very ill from the effects of drinking too freely of tea made of jimson weed. Medical assistance saved her life.

—Dr. A. W. Hafer extracted a tooth from the mouth of a three-weeks old child the other day, and believes that it is the first case on record of dental services of that kind for one so young.

—Mrs. David L. Kerr died at her home near Centre Hill on Sunday, the 10th. She was 52 years of age. Her mother, Mrs. Margaret Spangler, is still living at the age of 83. Mrs. Kerr's death creates profound sorrow.

—The DAILY NEWS was the only paper in this country to publish the proceedings of the Congressional and Senatorial Conferences on Wednesday, all owing to the courtesy of Col. D. H. Hastings and Capt. Austin Curtin.

—In a few days a new passenger coach will be put on the Buffalo Run railroad, and regular trips will be made. Capitalists have been in that vicinity recently, looking at the ore lands, with the view of building another furnace.

—A constable from this county arrested the boss canvasman of Forepaugh's show at Williamsport. He had a warrant from a Philipsburg justice of the peace. The charge is aggravated assault and battery with attempt to kill, also resisting an officer.

—A strike has been declared among the hens. One hundred thousand of them have thrown down their tools and refused to lay eggs even for 25 cents per dozen. Harmony will prevail and they will all go back to work in time to lay eggs for Thanksgiving.

—Two rousing political meetings were held on Friday evening. At Scotia, J. G. Love and Will Gray, Esqs. were the speakers, and at Loveville Wilbur F. Reeder and J. M. Dale, Esqs., explained the issues. It was Mr. Dale's maiden effort, politically, and was a grand success.

—"Mrs Pearson, of Bellefonte, who has been visiting her relatives in this city will go to that place to-day. Mrs. Pearson is a decidedly handsome and most agreeable lady," said Mr. Furey in the Lock Haven *Democrat* on Friday. We agree with Mr. Furey, especially in the last sentence.

—On Thursday of last week a Lock Haven man offered a Bellefonte manufacturer $5,000 if he would transfer his manufacturing operations to that city. The Bellefonte manufacturer refused. This is an example of how much the citizens of other cities value the presence of a prosperous industry.

—T. P. Rynder, the Greenback candidate for Congress, has changed his summer suit, including his hat, for a fall and winter attire of fashionable appearance. Now, he would like to know where the contrast will be with the crape which he is expected to wear after he discovers how few votes will be cast for him on election day.

—We always give the news, and, hence, we are pleased to announce that J. K. P. Hall, of Elk county, has done one good act in subscribing for fifty shares of glass stock. We are informed also that Gen. John Patton subscribed for one hundred shares of the same stock. Hurrah for Patton! Let the other candidates come forward and do likewise.

—A boy, whose name was not learned, had three of the fingers on one of his hands lacerated by a saw Wednesday afternoon at the Tinsman mill.—*Williamsport Sun and Banner*. Even if the boy's name was not learned, he has learned all about buzz saws by this time, and he naturally concludes that to be learned in that way involves rather painful and costly experience.

—From Friday morning's Tyrone topics in Altoona *Tribune*: "R. B. Wigton & Co., of Glamorgan furnace, Lewistown, have completed their ore land purchases at Gatesburg. The purchase includes the Grazier tract, the old Rumberger farm and twenty-five acres bought from Lyon, Shorb & Co. Arrangements are being made to run a branch road to the mines, connecting with the Lewisburg burg and Tyrone at Tow Hill."

—We really do not know why some of our exchanges are so exercised about Forepaugh's show. Our relations with the circus managers were exceedingly pleasant. They paid for their advertising like little men, and went their way. Of course, the show wasn't extra; but people must learn to make due allowance for circus announcements. It is the rage for them to use all the big words in the dictionary to describe their greatness.

The Glass Works.

While we are glad to announce that the glass factory will be rebuilt by the same company that formerly operated it, we nevertheless are compelled to inform the public that very attractive inducements are held out to the company by citizens of *other cities* to have them locate the factory there. Two invitations have been received already by the company, each of which offers financial aid if they will select that city for a location. The high reputation this company has attained ensures success for them wherever they locate the factory. The cities that offer this aid are not reputed to be as wealthy as Bellefonte, but their citizens, evidently, are more enterprising.

Why are our citizens so indifferent to the good of the town? The place which they profess to admire so much does not cause them to spend a cent for its advancement. They weep crocodile tears over the smoking ruins and go into intricate figures regarding the loss Bellefonte sustains, but the genuine, substantial encouragement is not forthcoming. It is not enough to make Bellefonte the centre of education, culture and beauty; it should also be the concentrating point for business thrift and industry.

The Y. M. C. A. Conference.

The Y. M. C. A. conference, on Wednesday night, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the conference are hereby extended to the citizens of Bellefonte who have so kindly entertained us in their homes during the sessions of this conference; also to the Association at Bellefonte for the use of their rooms, and to the ladies who provided dinner for the conference on Tuesday.

The names of the secretaries who were here are as follows:

F. A. Chaffee, Germantown; W. A. Bowen, Harrisburg; J. A. McKnight, Allentown; W. W. Calender, Pittsburg; W. Boyd, Philadelphia; John H. Holt, Arthur Pentecost, Thomas T. Horney and Arthur Lucas, Scranton; A Cameron, Derry; F E. Chedester, Corry; W. L. Multer, Berwick; G. W. Reinhart, Hazleton; J. W. Trimmer, Altoona; S. A. Taygert, Pittsburg; S. B. Herr, York; W. S. Speece Titusville; S. M. Bard and S. L. Harter, of Wilkesbarre; H. S. McKee and U. S. Greves, Pittsburg; W. T. Forrester and H. Robinson, of Sharpsburg; J. H. Auckerman, of Altoona; E. Bruce Lyttle, of Reading, J. C. Simm and C. A. Parkinson, of Erie; J. H. Manning, of Harrisburg; D. Beidleman, of Corry; R. A. Orr, of Pittsburg.

A New Way.

The overseer of the poor has hit upon a new way to get rid of supporting persons placed in his tender care, and rendering them self supporting. Some time ago a female at the institution under his care accepted the matrimonial proposal of a young man living in a neighboring town and the overseer encouraged the match. The wedding was quietly and happily consummated and the overseer gave the bride a housekeeping outfit of about $5 worth of pans, kettles, etc.

Now the bride and groom are living in domestic bliss in a country town not far away. The groom is abundantly able to support her, and we hope they will get along well.

Cruelty to Animals.

Some instances of cruelty to animals are occurring even here in Bellefonte. On circus day a team of horses was hitched in front of Dr. A. Hibler's residence on Allegheny street, at 9 o'clock in the morning, and there the poor animals remained all day and were still there at 7 o'clock. How much longer they remained there we know not. During the time they received neither food or drink. The neighbors who saw the patient, ill-treated animals were justly indignant, and if they had been disposed to make trouble the owner of the team would have been taught a lesson.

Letter List.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa., October 11, 1886:

C. B. Bush, Mrs. Margaret F. Campbell, Pat Flinn, Isaac Gray, Miss Alice Gaulither, Henry Hunsicker, John Lawyer, A. M. McElroy, R. C. Miller, Miss Mattie McKinley, Samuel B. Myers, James Neff, Stephen Reap, John Rosman, S. Smith, Miss Carrie Struble, Mrs. Lucy Wilson-2.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

Death of Mrs. McQuistion.

At 5.15 o'clock, Thursday, the death of Mrs. S. A. McQuistion occurred at her home in this borough. Mrs. McQuistion has been a sufferer from rheumatism for many years, during much of the time being completely disabled by the effect of the disease. She was 57 years of age at the last anniversary of her birthday. Her husband survives her. He is a well known wagon-maker and quite a prominent citizen. The funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—Some people labor under the supposition that matches are made in Heaven. We don't believe it—that is, the kind of matches we are writing about. How would it do to start a match factory in the car works building? Another happy thought, is to start a soap factory there. Just see how rich Frank Siddall and other soap makers become. Isn't there anyone in this place who would also like to become a soap millionaire?

A Business Opportunity.

The following letter, which explains itself, offers something tangible to any one who desires to help the town and to engage in a business which, it is believed, will pay:

W. V. Emery, Esq., Dear Sir., I and my partners, seeing an advertisement in the paper that you had some mills to sell or rent at Bellefonte and that capital could be obtained in Bellefonte by the right parties to start something up there, make this proposal.

We have a small business in Philadelphia with plenty of orders on hand, but lack the necessary capital to put in more machinery to meet the demand for the goods. It is a business that can be extended to a very large concern. It is the manufacture of curtains, brocatelles, upholstry goods, Brussels, Wiltons and tapestry carpets. Axminster and Vienna rugs and mats. We can manufacture all kinds of goods in the weaving line, as we are experts in the business, having been in it all our lives. We do not want much capital at first, till we prove it is a good business and good profit in it. And we want the capital secured so that the parties furnishing it shall not lose one cent. It can be arranged so we do not handle one cent of it. We can give you highest reference as to character and business ability. We would like to get $10,000; then we could rent one of the brick buildings at once for we want to be ready for the next season's trade. It would employ a large number of hands in a short time.

Hoping to hear from you soon, we are, sir,

Yours respectfully,
JOHN LEA,
J. CATLIN.
2646 Fairhill St., Phil'a Pa.

Our Candidate for Congress.

It is with peculiar appropriateness that we can refer to Gen. John Patton, of Curwensville, Clearfield county, as "our candidate for Congress." The REPUBLICAN first proposed him for that position, first announced his nomination and will be first to publish the news of his election. As was stated in Thursday's NEWS, he was in town at that time and remained all of Thursday night, and next morning we had the extreme pleasure of a call from him. He is a Methodist in religious faith and held a veritable love feast while here. He has a heart large and kind enough to include all shades of religious and political faith in his genial and cordial friendship. Mr. Patton is of goodly size, handsome in face and figure, an appearance that at once attracts attention and respect, and in his manner and utterance he nearly resembles our good citizen, S. S. Lyon, Esq. He is remarkably well versed in political affairs and is a man of great learning. Indeed, it will be credit for the people of this district to send him to congress as Gov. Curtin's successor.

Improvements at McCoy & Linn's.

Changes and improvements of an important character have been made recently at McCoy & Linn's ironworks. Among them is the rebuilding of the furnaces in the wire mill and bar mill. The work has been done in substantial style.

One hundred and thirty horse power has been added, three turbine water wheels having been put in. Two of these are fifty horse power each, and the third which is only 30-horse power, will furnish the power used for fanning the fires.

Over the office door the word "office" appears in neat letters. We understand that this is the work of Banker J. D. Shugert, which surprises us, as we didn't know a banker was such an excellent artist.

The works will be put in full operation quite soon.

—The poor we will have with us always, and it is a good thing that there are kind people ready to relieve the necessities of the distressed. The poverty of a worthy family residing here, the particulars of which were related to us Thursday, reminds us that there will be people in our midst this fall and winter who will require and deserve assistance. Think of all the best gifts that can, as rare gems, make beautiful the character of humanity, and then remember that the greatest is charity. It is grand to have riches, but they become a curse if we hold them to our bosoms, while they bless us if we give them liberally. To do good and distribute forget not, and the liberal soul shall be made fat. So the lessons of experience and revelation come to us and remind us that only by practicing them can humanity be lifted again to some faint semblance of the Divine image.

—Lyon & Co. publish their new advertisement to-day. Now, it is plain that people do not buy anything unless they want it. Times are too stringent to permit extravagance this season with the average buyer. In supplying the stock this season they have paid particular attention to the actual wants of the people. These wants can be supplied by Lyon & Co. more satisfactorily than by any other business house within our knowledge In brief, there is scarcely anything under the sun or above the ground that mortal can desire that they cannot supply. Their statement of how they can supply the wants of the people is alone worth the entire subscription price of the paper. Read it.

—Saturday morning eggs brought 25 cts per dozen at market and were scarce at that price. In addition to eggs, there was plenty of butter and numerous pumpkins, squashes, etc. Then Mat. Riddle made himself quite promiscuous, but was not for sale. He was particularly gleeful, however, as he believes that Republicans are to have their own way this year. That faithful farmer and pleasant gentleman, Mr. A. V. Miller, was also at market. Everybody says that Mr. Miller is one of the most generous men in the county, though he don't always let the right hand know what the left hand is doing, or otherwise. What all the people say regarding Mr. Miller must be true and people can very well rely in him, and can do so without suspicion, as he isn't a candidate for office, but hurrahs for Beaver.

—On the 3d day of October, 1885—more than a year ago—Miss Rosella, or as she is more generally known, Miss Ella Haupt, went with her aunt, Mrs. Mary Light, and a cousin John to Elgin, Illinois. They located there and engaged in their trade of dressmaking. The pay for such employment is high in Elgin and the ladies made $1 50 a day while there in addition to boarding. Miss Ella left Elgin on the 15th of last August, going to Flint, Michigan, to visit another aunt. On the 8th of September she came last as far as Canton, Ohio, where yet another aunt resides. She returned to her home in Bellefonte on Wednesday evening, bringing with her a cousin, Miss Clara Albert. Miss Ella expects to remain at home. She is a very intelligent and energetic young lady and her numerous friends will be pleased to welcome her.

—The official list of patents granted during the week ending October 12 contains two names of citizens of Bellefonte. The first is James Henderson, who has invented a "manufacturing steel." Just who James Henderson is we know not, but conclude that he must be a relative of the Mr. Henderson, who formerly managed the steel factory. He was famous as an inventor. The second is William R. Jenkins, who is the inventor of a car coupling. Mr. Jenkins is connected with the foundry firm of William P. Duncan & Co. He is a thorough machinist, a profound student of all the laws and rules relating to the mechanic arts and has invented many valuable articles. We have no doubt that his car coupling is just what is needed to prevent many accidents which occur in the dangerous work of coupling cars.

—The following paragraph in reference to the Thursday evening's session of the Y. M. C. A. convention in Altoona has local interest: "Mr. C. F. Cook, of Bellefonte, followed on the topic of the "Work in Small Towns." He said: "We people in Bellefonte think we are a big city, and perhaps the committee of arrangements selected a representative to speak on this topic from them from the fact that it is known that we were once a small town. Personally, the association is what brought me to Christ. In a small town the association unites and strengthens the churches, and develops the Christian young men." Bellefonte is a town of about 3,500 people; it has an active association and a competent general secretary to oversee the work."

The Death of Miss Sharp.

Miss Hannah Amelia Sharp died at her mother's home in Coleville, near this borough, this morning. Miss Sharp was 18 years of age. For quite a long time she had suffered with that dread disease, consumption, but had born all her sufferings with great patience.

The closing days of her life were characterized by that sweet submission to the will of her Heavenly Father which the real Christian alone can exhibit, and which changes the dark valley of shadow into a pathway of light. She leaves several brotners and sisters.

Funeral on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Methodist church, of which she was a member.

—We don't often have the pleasure of seeing the Harrisburg *Patriot*, as our paper is too intensely Republican to exchange with such a Bourbon sheet, but we are informed that the issue of two or three days ago contained an announcement that is, of course, extremely gratifying to the owner of the DAILY NEWS. It stated that when Gen. Beaver becomes Governor "the owner of a little paper in Bellefonte is to be appointed State printer." As the DAILY NEWS is the smallest paper (in size) in the town, its owner, E. T. Tuten, must be the person meant by the *Patriot*. This is very good news, and if our modesty does not prevent of course we will accept.

—Mr. John Waite, of the implement works, made a narrow escape the other day. He was thrown forward from his wagon under the horses' feet and got one of his legs badly cut as well as receiving other injuries. His escape from serious, perhaps fatal injuries, was miraculous, but fortunately he is alive and almost as well as usual, and able to make business boom.

—There is always much enjoyment in walking through the dead leaves on the pavement and kicking them in all directions.

—Blind Tom, the pianist, is in this part of the State.

—The conference of the Y. M. C. A secretaries ended on Wednesday after noon and in the evening a public meeting was held in the Methodist church. The attendance was fair although there were not so many business men present as there should have been. We were not able to be present until the meeting was nearly ended, but we hear that the several addresses were well received. Rev. S. A. Taggart, State Secretary, presided in his usual energetic way. The address by Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., was excellent, abounding in humor and sound sense. The singing was good and elicited public commendation. The young gentlemen who compose the conference have created an admirable impression in Bellefonte. They departed next morning for Altoona, accompanied by about twelve members of the Bellefonte Association, who go as delegates to the convention which began in Altoona Thursday

—Mr. Frank Miller, the genial and capable gentleman who until quite recently officiated as advance representative for McMillen's North Carolina Troubadours, was in Bellefonte Thursday. We understand that Mr. McMillen has been compelled by the growing importance of his hotel interests to give up his management of this excellent company. The troupe has met with encouraging success, and the accomplished pianist, Prof. Chas. Nau, has assumed its management. We expect to hear of its continued popularity. Meanwhile, Mr. McMillen will renew his attention to the details of the management of the New Brockerhoff House.

—The following grand officers of the Grand Chapter of colored Royal Arch Masons of Pennsylvania were in Lock Haven on Thursday to organize St. John Chapter, No. 17, colored Royal Arch Masons: Israel Purnell, most excellent grand high prist; J. D. Kelley, deputy grand high priest; James Bell, grand king; Elias Collins, grand scribe; John Diton, grand treasurer, and William H. Miller, grand secretary, all of Philadelphia. They began the work of organization at 2 o'clock p. m. and completed it in the evening. Rev. J. J. Norris, of this place, was also present.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr, Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner.

Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at J. ZELLER & SON's Drug Store

—The meeting of the Beaver Club on Wednesday evening was exceedingly pleasant one and arrangements were begun to organize an excursion to Altoona on Tuesday, the 19th, to hear the Plumed Knight from Maine, James G. Blaine. The regular meeting of the Club, Friday evening, will be the time for completing these arrangements. We have no doubt that, if the proper arrangements are made, about 250 Republicans will go to Altoona from here and the occasion will be one of the most notable of the political history in Pennsylvania.

My Daughter and myself, great sufferers from catarrh, were cured by Ely's Cream Balm. My sense of smell is restored.—C. M. Stanley, Shoe Dealer, Ithica, N. Y.

I was troubled with catarrh for fifteen years. Ely's Cream Balm has opened my nostrils and reduced the inflamation—my eyes can now stand strong light.—N. Fegley, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

For several years I have been troubled with catarrh. Ely's Cream Balm has proved to be the article desired. I believe it the only cure.—L. B. Coburn, Merchant, Towanda, Pa.

—A German band of seven instruments was rendering delightful music on the streets of this place Wednesday and Thursday. It is charming to listen to the playing of this organization as they execute all the airs with that correctness, sweetness and art for which German musicians are notable. The band has been in this country only a few days.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic, or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. ZELLER & SON.

—Mr. J. D. Douglass has retired from the publication of the Philipsburg *Ledger*, and on Tuesday morning, the 12th, went to Dakota, to examine the country and perhaps locate there. Mr. Harry C. Williams is left alone in control of the *Ledger*, but will be assisted by his accomplished sister, Miss Annie V. Williams.

It is estimated that there are one hundred thousand sufferers from hay fever in the United States; a number about four times greater than the regular standing army. This number could be reduced to a mere regiment if all would resort to Ely's Cream Balm.

—We learn from the Altoona *Tribune* that through the efforts of Mr. Miller, of Pittsburg, the Centre mining company at Pennsylvania Furnace have an active demand for all the iron they can make. They are now putting out about thirty tons per day.

Convenient pleasant, and certain in their results, are Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. Recommended by physicians and endorsed by all who have used them. The best remedy for Dyspepsia, Flatulency, and Constipation. Guaranteed, and sold at 25c. by WALTER W. BAYARD

—The man who was injured in Forepaugh's show while it was in Pittsburg died in Lock Haven on Wednesday.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by J ZELLER & SON.

—A new reservoir is being built by the Centre Hall water company.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c, I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D. New York City.* 17 45 1y

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. WALTER W. BAYARD.

Medical, Etc.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Unfailing Specific for Liver Disease.

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covered with a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints—often mistaken for Rheumatism; **sour stomach; loss of appetite**; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations; bowels alternately costive and lax; **headache**; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; **debility**; low spirits; a thick, **yellow** appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever; restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

(PURELY VEGETABLE)

Is generally used in the South to arouse the Torpid Liver to a healthy action.

It acts with extraordinary efficacy on the

LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND BOWELS.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

Malaria, Bowel Complaints, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

Endorsed by the use of **7 Millions** of Bottles, as

THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE

for **Children**, for **Adults**, and for the **Aged.**

ONLY GENUINE

has our **Z** Stamp in red on front of Wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS. **Price, $1.00.**

SECOND TO NONE IN CROP VALUE.

This is not a new thing, but it is an established fact warranted by years of severest **field tests** in competition with the highest priced goods offered in the American market. A bold assertion, isn't it? Farmers say it is true, and they know

COATESVILLE, PA., FEB. 4th, 1886.

"Replying to your inquiry in regard to Baugh's $25 Phosphate, would say, I have used it myself and seen it used alongside of higher-priced phosphates, with just as good and lasting results. I have always heard it spoken of, by parties who have tried it thoroughly, as one of the best in the market, regardless of price, and would recommend all farmers to use it. I consider it greatly superior to Acidulated Rock, as it not only gives quick returns but improves the soil."

WILLIAM MOORE.

BAUGH'S $25 PHOSPHATE

ACTIVE, PERMANENT, CHEAP

ANIMAL BONE MANURE.

THE ORICINAL Manufacturers of RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE

BAUGH & SONS
Only Manufacturers,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Rogers' Grapoline!

This preparation is a mild and gentle saline cathartic, alterative and tonic. It is most carefully prepared in the form of a snow white powder, containing all the medical properties of the GRAPE and other fruits. It will promptly cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Heartburn Sick Headache, Indigestion and all Inflammatory complaints where a gentle, cooling cathartic is required. Give this remedy one trial and it will convince you of the above facts. Prepared by A. H. ROGERS & CO., Genesee, N.Y.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

17 46 1y

FOR SALE!

One of the most desirable Tracts of Land for a Colony to be found.

Consisting of about 12,000 acres of rich Farming Land, of which considerable is cleared, and the balance in fine timber, for staves, saw mill lumber, &c., within good markets. There is on the land a charcoal Iron Furnace, with No. 1 machinery; a Grist Mill, Saw Mill and Tannery, run by steam, and about thirty dwellings and other buildings; situate in Trigg county, Kentucky, having two miles of river front on the Tennessee river, and the whole is offered at the low price of Five Dollars per acre, with perfect title, or will sell a portion to suit buyers. All I ask is to go and see the property, as no such a bargain can be found elsewhere. For fuller information, call or address,

C. BERINGER,
106 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.
18 38 1m

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Calendars for 1887 will soon be in the market.

—Election tickets are being printed by the thousand.

—The butchers are now making sausage and "pudding."

—The throng of people at the Blaine demonstration in Tyrone to-day was immense.

—Fall fashions are appearing in all their bright colors, vying with the foliage in beauty.

—Don't forget that October 28th is Arbor Day and is also the occasion of quite an important wedding in this place.

—So many of our merchants have visited the city to purchase new goods that the store windows will soon wear their holiday attire.

—Forepaugh's canvasman, who was arrested in Williamsport, has been taken to Phillipsburg, where it is said the man he assaulted lies in a critical condition.

—At Snow Shoe a lively snow storm prevailed on Saturday and Sunday. People who passed through the ridges beyond Milesburg also encountered some furious snow gusts.

—Repair your pavements and boardwalks if they are not in good condition. Several accidents have occurred recently caused by people falling over loose boards, bricks or stones.

—The protracted meetings continue in the M. E. church with increasing interest and power. Members of all churches and people who do not belong to any church are invited to them.

—The telegraph dispatches tell us that a charter has been granted for the Bellefonte and Milton Railroad Company, with a capital of $1,000,000 and to extend a distance of fifty miles.

—The Democratic meeting in Lock Haven, Friday evening, was almost as much of a failure as the meeting in this place. Black was present, but publicly acknowledged that he could not make a speech.

—There were not very many passengers on the train from this place Tuesday morning to Tyrone and Altoona. Now that Blaine is coming to Bellefonte most of his admirers will wait until his arrival here to see him.

—William McCloskey, one of the engineers in the Pennsylvania pulp and paper mill at Lock Haven, was scalded to death on Monday morning while at work. The accident was caused by the bursting of the main steam pipe.

—We have heard from Charley H. Pierce after anxiously waiting several months. He is in Blanchard, Skagit Co., Washington Territory, and all communications to him should be addressed in care of the Blanchard R. R. Co.

—Only a few days ago the home of one of Bellefonte skillful shoemakers, Mr. Louis Doll, was favored by the arrival of another infant daughter, the second thus far. As most of the youthful Dolls were sons, the arrival of Miss Doll No 2 is the occasion of great rejoicing.

—George Bible, the local editor of the *Centre Democrat*, came home from Lemont Monday, attended by a large, fierce mastiff, which he intends to keep in his office. With the seven shooter and the mastiff together he will be prepared to fight the battles of the campaign in grand style.

—The Lock Haven *Daily Democrat* received a report on Saturday that the Cameron bridge, near Cameron, was burned that morning, and that a freight train on the middle division, coming east, was precipitated into the stream, sixteen cars in all, the engineer, fireman and brakeman being drowned.

—Secretary Edge, of the State Board of Agriculture, says that the dispatch from Reading, stating that pleuropneumonia is raging in Montgomery county and that many cattle are dying, is utterly without foundation. No cattle are dying and the disease is not raging. Reports like this injure the State.

—The death of Mrs. Waddle, the wife of P. Benner Waddle, of typhoid pneumonia, causes much sorrow among all her numerous friends. Mrs. Waddle's maiden name was Mary Price, and her home before her marriage was in Boalsburg. The funeral services on Monday morning were attended by many mourning relatives and friends.

—Mr. John Powers and his son Ed. Powers and family have moved from their residence on Spring street which they have occupied so long. Mr. John Powers now lives at the county mansion with his daughter, Mrs. Walker, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Powers have moved into rooms over Harper's store. The house they formerly occupied is for rent.

—Ladies, children and everybody can come to the Blaine demonstration in this place on Wednesday, the 27th, and will do so, as wherever Mr. Blaine goes the ladies are as anxious as the gentlemen to meet him. No one can imagine James G. Blaine using expressions in a speech such as Chauncey Black used when here. People will be instructed and benefited.

At the Rink.

We have heard Mrs. E. H. Bradley, of England, twice in her Gospel Temperance addresses at the Rink. On Saturday evening she was listened to under extremely unfavorable circumstances, the building being like unto Greenland's icy mountains. But on Sunday afternoon the building was more like India's coral strand, and we listened with comparative comfort.

We term Mrs. Bradley's remarks a "talk" for such they are. She indulges in no flights of oratory, ornaments her remarks with no beauty of language except such as the impressive topics she discusses naturally give rise to. Her speech is plain and matter-of-fact. She has a thorough knowledge of her subject, plenty of ready wit and abundance of happy illustration which she seems to give just as they occur to her mind, showing no special evidence of preparation. She employs numerous expressions peculiar to England which seem quite strange from an American platform, but which add quaintness and interest to her remarks.

Her reasoning is excellent and it tends not only to make people temperate, but also to make them true Christians. In both of her talks in the Rink thus far she has used a ladder painted on canvas to illustrate her remarks, one side of the ladder typifying a merely moral life, on which it is impossible to climb into Heaven, and the other side illustrating life by "faith in Jesus Christ," which reaches all the way to the celestial city. The rungs of the ladder are divided into sets of five each—five vices to tread upon, five virtues to cultivate and five blessings which come to people who climb the ladder. We unhesitatingly says that no one can spend an evening more pleasantly or profitable than by listening to Mrs. Bradley.

Some of the Sunday Services.

Rev. J. O. Davis, in the Episcopal church, on Sunday morning, preached from I Sam'l 16:7, "Look not on the countenance or the height of his stature; because I have refused him; for the Lord seeth not as man seeth; for man looketh on the outward appearance, but the Lord looketh on the heart."

The sermon described the way David was chosen king over and above his brethren, though the appearance of some of the older sons of Jesse was such as to much more favorably impress the beholders. Among the many valuable lessons drawn from the narrative was that which urged people to do right from principle, not merely because honesty is the best of policy in the long run, or because right conduct will certainly impress the public.

If there is one congregation that, more than another, should have a larger church edifice it is the Methodist. Many times during the Summer and Fall it has been crowded, and that was the case Sunday night, the people, in many instances being crowded five in a seat, which is most too much if the people be very large. Sunday evening the opening prayer was made by Brother Robert Cassiday, and Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., chose his text from Hebrews 9:27, "It is appointed unto men once to die, but after this the judgment." It was a strong discourse, taking the orthodox view of the judgment and combatting the modern liberal view that there is no final retribution, or that the judgment is at the hour of death.

The meetings are held every evening in the lecture room of the church, and the congregation seems to be in that favorable condition which indicates a great revival of spiritual faith and life. After the sermon Sunday evening many hymns were sung with much spirit and a few earnest prayers were made.

Programme of the Convention.

The State Sunday school convention which is being held in Lewistown this week, opened on Tuesday afternoon with prayer for the presence of the Holy Spirit; address of welcome, Rev. John Gurley, of Lewistown; response, Dr. C. R. Blackall, of Philadelphia; appointment of committees; discussion, Temperance in the Sunday-school, opened by Mrs. B. F. Chase. Tuesday evening, children's meeting; song service, Rev. A. R Cronce; address by Rev. Jesse B. Young. Wednesday morning, prayer for guidance in the work; reports of executive committee on State paper; district presidents; normal exercises; the history of the English Bible, by Rev. James Morrow, D. D.; the art of illustrations, applied to the fourth quarter's lessons, Mrs. Crafts; address, "The Allness of the Bible," illustrated by fifty cartoons, Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts. Wednesday evening, eventide service; primary teaching, by Mrs. Crafts; address by Rev. J. R. Dimm, D. D. Thursday, devotional exercises; discussion, "A Look Ahead," preparing for next year; how can we improve our county and district work? Our State paper; address, "Christ in Every Lesson," by Rev. W. F. Crafts. Thursday afternoon, devotional exercises; "Workers in Council;" general discussion by the convention—subject, "Our work, methods, difficulties, successes;" question box, Rev. W. F. Crafts. Thursday evening, praise and prayer service; address. "The Influence of the Holy Spirit on the Human Mind," by Rev. W. F. Crafts; parting words.

—If you want medals of any sort for any purpose, send to William H. Warner & Bro., medalists, No. 1113 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

The Council Meeting.

It was late on Monday evening before a quorum of the members of council assembled. Then Mr. S. A. Brew was elected chairman pro tem. and the proceedings began as usual. Mr. Beezer and Mr. John Pacini were the two citizens who made verbal statements to council, the latter to complain of the water which runs from Burnside street and injures the foundation for his new house, and the former to have water taxes equalized, his being higher than those of his neighbors. Both requests were referred to the Finance committee.

The Street committee reported that it does not approve of the bill of McCafferty for fence; also reported the completion of one concrete crossing and two plank crossings and a foot bridge.

A proposal was made to council of a lot on Logan street, east of Allegheny, the lot having 30 feet front by 50 feet in the rear, for $400. The lot is deemed suitable for a location for the Undine hose house. On motion, the chairman instructed the Fire and Police committee to examine the lot and report at the next meeting.

The Street committee also reported progress on the Runkle grade, that the sewer back of Mrs. Aull's property has been cleaned, and reported favorably in regard to the repairs to alley back of East Linn street, provided the appropriations be increased sufficiently to justify the expense.

The Water committee reported that all water plugs and pipes have been put in complete repair for Winter.

Arrangements for Receiving Blaine.

The first tour of James G. Blaine through the State will terminate on Wednesday night, and the distinguished gentleman will rest a week in West Virginia, where he has property. On Wednesday morning, the 27th, he will again start east from Pittsburg, coming straight to Bellefonte, reaching here about noon. After arriving here he must again leave in time to visit Lock Haven, Williamsport and Sunbury and reach Pottsville the same evening. This will make his visit very short unless our citizens appropriate the party by force when they reach here and not let them depart again until we choose to do so.

Unfortunately, there is not a building large enough to accommodate one-fifth of the people who will be here. All the halls, court house and skating rink combined would not answer the purpose. How would it do to erect a covered platform at the east end of the Court House? On the elevated ground between the Court House and Jail the people could assemble and the distinguished visitor could be driven there at once on his arrival. Of course, the meeting must be in the open air which will be disagreeable if the weather is inclement.

Monday Evening's Temperance Meeting.

Mrs. Bradley ended her series of temperance meetings Monday evening. We were not present, but we hear that there was a good audience, and the talk was just what we predicted it would be—pleasant and profitable. It contained much information about the work of temperance reform in England. She spoke of the work done by the White Cross Society in the formation of habits of social purity. It is surprising that all reform and Christian societies do not enter with ardor into the work sought to be accomplished by this agency.

It is not exactly on the subject of her talk Monday night, but nevertheless we must take occasion to refer with pride to a remark made by Mrs. Bradley Sunday afternoon. She said she had never been in a town where the quiet of Sunday morning was more marked than in Bellefonte. She was delighted with it. As she has had the advantage of very extended experience, this observation from her is of value. Of course, she remarked, as all visitors do, on the peculiar beauty of our town.

A Fatal Gunning Accident.

The Renovo *Evening News* relates the following: "Frank Garrick, aged 22 years, with his uncle of the same name, started out for St. Marys Sunday morning to go hunting. They were driving in a carriage, each carrying a gun. The older gentleman picked his gun from the bottom of the carriage just before alighting to go into the woods, and in doing so, touched the trigger and the gun went off. The contents entered the young man's heart, killing him instantly. The uncle is almost wild since the accident, as is the father of the young man. The moral to this is that a loaded gun is a bad thing at any time, but particularly so on Sunday. We learn that every member of the family to which the lead young man belonged, has been in the habit of hunting on Sunday, and the lesson, although a good while coming around, came at last. This is the second fatal gunning accident that occurred near St. Marys in two weeks."

Blaine to Visit Bellefonte.

Hon. James G. Blaine will be in this place on Wednesday, the 27th inst. The message which notified Chairman John T. Johnston of his expected visit was received Monday morning and is as follows:

My Dear Sir: Blaine will be in Bellefonte on Wednesday, the 27th
Will give you the hour later.
HASTINGS.

The presence of Mr. Blaine will probably bring almost every one in the county to Bellefonte on that day.

Engine and Twenty Cars Wrecked.

A very serious wreck, says the Renovo *Daily News*, occurred at Huntly, a flag station four miles west of Driftwood, early Saturday morning by which an engine and twenty cars were thrown into a deep culvert. The first section of fast freight coming east was skipping along at a fair rate of speed when engineer William Laughlin and fireman Del Shriner noticed that the culvert was burned out. There was not time to stop the train and both men jumped in time to escape injury. The front brakeman also jumped. Into the ditch went the engine which was quickly followed by twenty cars and oil tanks. These were soon in a blaze. The wreck crew and fire brigade of Renovo were sent to the scene of the disaster and after the latter had succeeded in extinguishing the flames the former set about clearing up the debris.

Farmers, take Warning.

A farmer in Letterkenny township, Franklin county, made a narrow escape from losing his barn not long since. He had prepared some home-made phosphate from lime and chicken-manure, which he had left in a heap upon the floor. Some time after it was discovered that a peculiar smell, as of substance burning, was issuing from the barn. Upon investigation it was found that the phosphate was a mass of fire. The different compositions of which it had been made generated such a great heat that spontaneous combustion was the result. With the aid of others the farmer succeeded in pitching the burning mass from the barn. The barn floor, whereon the mass lay, was considerably charred and blackened. The discovery saved the barn.

Typhoid Fever at Lewisburg University.

There are five cases of typhoid fever in the "University" at Lewisburg, three in the Academy and two in the College. The most strenuous efforts seem to have been made by the authorities to suppress the fact of the existence of the disease, but of course it became public in time. The cause is not certainly known. Some people believe the disease was brought there by the influx of strangers on Grand Army Day, September 9, and others attribute it to foul water. By the way, how foolish it is for physicians in towns and offices in such institutions to endeavor to suppress the fact of the existence of disease! It is better to tell the truth about it under all circumstances.

Death of William C. Miller.

Our readers will be pained to learn of the death, on Monday evening, in Altoona, of Mr. William C. Miller, who was formerly a cigar maker in this place, working for Mr. C. H. Weaver. He went to Altoona on the first of April and was employed in Jose F. Coco's cigar factory. The factory closed and Mr. Miller did not have regular work, which caused him much regret and doubtless hastened his death. The deceased was 67 years of age and was well and favorably known here. We believe that he has a son living in this place. We sympathise with his wife who survives him.

—There are certain places in Bellefonte where lights are especially needed at night—places where regular man-traps exist (and more especially woman-traps, as women, of late, have met with most of the accidents.) On Monday night two ladies fell down the steps which lead from the pavement in front of Wilbur F. Reeder's residence to that in front of Mr. George Valentine's residence. We believe they did not hurt themselves at all seriously. But, nevertheless, there should be a light there, as the place is dangerous. Another equally perilous place is on Bishop street at the entrance to the Academy grounds. We have already told of one instance where a young lady sprained her ankle there and we have heard of other instances of ladies getting frightful falls. Perhaps there are as many lights in the borough as the town can afford to pay for, but they might be located in a way to be of greater benefit.

—People should not patronize traveling dentists, such for instance, as the man who sometime ago visited Bellefonte and pretended to extract teeth without causing pain. He pursued his operations in a very public manner with the aid of a brass band. A lady who permitted him to extract some of her teeth became sick the next day and now she is dead. We cannot assert positively that the dental operation had anything to do with her illness and death, but it may have contributed to that sad result. At least, our advice is timely—have nothing to do with such so-called dentists.

—Mr. James Masden died at his residence in Beech Creek, on the 14th of October, after an illness of ten months with a complication of deseases from which he suffered excruciating pain. He was buried on Saturday at 10 o'clock. The funeral sermon was preached in the M. E. church by Rev. Findley. Interment in Fearon's graveyard. Deceased was 87 years old and leaves his wife, a son and daughter to mourn their loss.

—On Wednesday of next week, the day of Blaine's visit, there will be a free train over the Buffalo Run railroad. This will certainly bring a thousand or more people from that direction

Personal Pencilings.

Ex-Gov. Curtin has gone out to Erie to help Congressman Scott.

A. C. Hopkins, Esq., of Lock Haven, was in town Thursday and Friday morning.

Mrs. James Lee, of Tusseyville, who was severely injured by a bull, is recovering.

Rev. William Lawrie, D. D, officiated at Mrs. McQuistion's funeral Sunday afternoon.

J. A. Daley, of Curtin township, made an early appearance in town Tuesday morning.

Dr. Boardner, of the firm of Hafer & Boardner, dentists, is at present in Philadelphia.

Rev. J. A. Woodcock, accompanied by his two sons, is visiting at his farm in the country.

Mr. C. Conrad, editor of the McVeytown *Journal*, spent Wednesday in our lively borough.

Mrs. F. C. Richard and her son, Mr. Charles Richard, came home from Philadelphia on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dayton, of Williamsport, are guests at the home of Rev. R. Crittenden, on Linn street.

Rev. Jno. M. Palmer, Prohibition candidate for congressmen-at-large will be in Williamsport to day.

Mr. William Bell, of Pleasant Gap, departed on Monday for Kansas. He is a brother of Mr. Andy Bell, of this place.

Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven, was among the eminent gentlemen who awaited the 9:32 train at the depot Friday morning.

Miss Emma Saltsman, a charming young lady from Lock Haven, who often visits in this place, is now a guest at the residence of Col. D. H. Hastings.

Mr. Al. Mallory and family, of Altoona, have been in Bellefonte since Thursday. Mr. Mallory spent most of his time at the fascinating sport of hunting.

Rev. Chas. Steck, the popular pastor of the Lutheran church, was an interested auditor at the public meeting held in the Methodist church Wednesday evening.

Hon. L. A. Mackey, Lock Haven's most prominent citizen, was in Bellefonte Tuesday morning. His mission in Bellefonte is railroad business, not politics.

Mr. G. F. Weeden, of the Howorth Hibernica company, went away on the 10:35 train Saturday morning. He is one of the most entertaining talkers in the profession.

Col. A. Wilson Norris, Republican candidate for auditor general, and Col. J. T. Stewart, candidate for secretary of internal affairs, tarried in Altoona on Friday night.

Mrs. Bolton, of Oil City, is a guest of Mrs. Bartruff. Mrs. Bolton is pleasant, intelligent lady who is well and favorably known here. Her numerous friends are pleased to see her.

Mr. Lemuel Brooks, of Pleasant Gap, is now in Chicago, where we suppose his brother Sam is also tarrying, as they are both engaged in giving lessons in the short system of music.

Miss Annie Bell, who has been visiting friends in Plainfield, Will county, Illinois, has returned to Osceola Mills and will soon arrive at her home in Pleasant Gap, this county.

Mr. W. H. Pearson, of Toronto, Canada, arrived Saturday morning to visit his brother, Mr. Arthur Pearson, manager of Valentines' stores. This is Mr. Pearson's first visit to Bellefonte.

Mr. Frank Miller, lately with McMillen's North Carolina Troubadours, departed Saturday for Williamsport. He will associate himself in the same capacity with some new company.

Supt. E. B. Westfall, President Rhoades, of the Telephone Company, and a distinguished party of ladies and gentlemen arrived from Williamsport on Mr. Westfall's coach, over the Lemont Railroad, this afternoon.

Mrs. Joseph Ceaders and Mrs. Robert Gilmore departed on Wednesday for the city, where they will mingle business with pleasure in viewing the attractions of the city in its liveliest season and in purchasing new goods.

James W. Trimmer and sister of Altoona, were guests at the residence of James Schofield several days of last week. Mr. Trimmer is the recording secretary for the Railroad Men's Christian Association in that city.

Gen. John Patton, of Curwensville, was in Bellefonte Thursday and held a reception at the Brockerhoff House. He is the able and excellent candidate for Congress on the Republican ticket and wins golden opinions wherever he goes.

Mr. Andrew Howley, a very bright young gentleman of this place and a graduate last year of the High School, went to Braddock, Thursday morning, to fill a position as ticket agent in the railroad office. We hope he will like his new position.

Mr. Herman Haupt, of Irvona, Clearfield Co., Pa., was among the Congressional conferrees in Bellefonte on Wednesday who helped to do such good work in the nomination of Gen. John Patton for Congress. Mr. Haupt was a clerk for Mr. Isaac Guggenheimer ten years ago, and is now the proprietor of a prosperous mercantile business in Irvona.

Mr. Joseph Ceaders, the baker, went to Philadelphia Saturday evening.

Dr. A. W. Hafer had the pleasure of assisting to welcome Blaine to Tyrone on Tuesday.

Mr. Charles Noll, on Tuesday evening, entered the Telephone Exchange as night operator.

Mrs. Satterfield, of Middlesex, Pa., is visiting her numerous relatives and friends in this place.

Miss Owens represented the Bellefonte W. C. T. U. in the State Convention of that society in Wilkesbarre.

Dr. Boardner expected to return home to Bellefonte Wednesday, but reports say he missed the train at Lewisburg.

Rev. C. Wortman, the former pastor of the United Brethren church, departed on Wednesday for Millheim, his new location.

Mr. James Curry, who lives in the State of Virginia, is visiting at the home of his father, Mr. John Curry, in this place.

Mrs. Kelley, Miss Ellen Woods, Mrs. Amos Mullen and Miss Mary Weaver went to Philadelphia on Monday last to remain a couple of weeks.

Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., preached at State College on Sunday afternoon and was compelled to travel at a rapid rate to arrive home in time to conduct the evening services in his church.

Mrs. Clyde Krebs and child, Forest Krebs, of Clearfield, are the guests of Mrs. Krebs' aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth Jacobs, of Lamb street. Mrs. Krebs is a niece of Judge Krebs of Clearfield. Miss Bella Confer, of Curtin, is a sister of Mrs. Krebs and accompanied her to this place.

—It is an important item of information for our people to know that during the year 1885 the amount of pig iron made in the United States was 4,044,526 tons, a decrease of 53,343 tons as compared with '84; value at furnace $64,712,400 or $9,049,224 less than in 1884. Isn't it strange that the production of iron should begin to decrease with the ushering in of a Democratic administration? No, in reality it is not strange, for it is just what was predicted. Shall we continue this decrease by the election of Democrats or shall we do what we can, to increase the production by electing Republicans? The population of the country is increasing, and the production of all such commodities as pig iron should correspondingly increase.

Death of Mrs. Waddle

The esteemed wife of P. Benner Waddle, of Buffalo Run, died on Saturday last of typhoid pneumonia. She was an excellent lady, whose death will be a calamity to the community in which she lived. Her husband has our sympathy in his affliction. She was buried at 10 o'clock Monday morning in Gray's churchyard.

—These seem to be the favorite days for the hunter. The report of his gun is heard from all directions in the surrounding forests and occasionally an unusually successful Nimrod will come to town with quite a quantity of game.

—T. Z. Harshberger is administering to an important want in Milesburg. He is selling coal to the people of that place and vicinity, and as he is a first-class gentleman we have no doubt the coal he deals in is superior in quality.

—The remains of the late William C. Miller were brought to Bellefonte on the 8:55 train Wednesday night. Funeral to-day at 10 o'clock.

MARRIED.

DECKER—CARNER.—At the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Anthony Carner, in Hublersburg, on October 6, by Rev. W. O. Wright, Mr. William H. Decker and Miss Emma Carner.

KRUMRINE—DREIBELBIS.—On the 7th inst., by Rev. W. H. Groh, Mr. Jacob Krumrine and Miss Maggie H. Dreibelbis, both from near State College.

RUHL—OCKER.—On the 10th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, at Madisonburg, by Rev. W. H. Bason, Mr. John W. Ruhl, of Mifflinburg, and Miss Annie M. Ocker, of Madisonburg.

DIED.

SNOOK.—On October 5, near Millheim, Miss Anna Snook, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Snook, aged 20 years.

BAUMGARDNER.—On the 8th instant, near Boalsburg, Mr. Christian Baumgardner, aged 66 years, 1 month and 9 days.

The Death of Henry Reece.

REECE.—Near Glenn Harris, October 5, 1886, Mr. Henry Reece, aged 64 years 6 months and 25 days. He suffered during twelve long years with consumption.

His race is o'er; his work is done;
The battle ended, the victory won.
He's gone, his final rest to prove,
Which he has gained by works of love.

All night long we watched and waited,
For we knew the end was nigh.
All in vain our tears and pleadings;
Father, 'twas hard to see you die.

While our thoughts grew faint with fear
Faith and hope were shining there.
Fairer thoughts and scenes than we can know
Made our dear one, oh, so glad to go.

God, comfort those whose hearts are broken,
Whose heads are bowed with bitter grief;
Lift them out of dull despair
And give their burdened souls relief.

Though our sorrow be now so severe
We'll cease to weep complain,
Knowing that a few brief years
Will bring us together again.

For goodness and mercy all my life
Shall surely follow me,
And in God's house for evermore
My dwelling place shall be.

Will you meet us at God's gateway
When our last day's work is done;
Dearest father, will you meet us
At the setting of the sun?